Thursday 21 September 2000

European Parliament legislative resolution on the initiative of the Portuguese Republic with a view to the adoption of a Council Decision establishing a Secretariat for the Joint Supervisory Data Protection Bodies set up by the Convention on the Establishment of a European Police Office (Europol Convention), the Convention on the Use of Information Technology for Customs Purposes and the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement on the gradual abolition of checks at the common borders (Schengen Convention) (7381/2000 − C5-0230/2000 − 2000/0804(CNS))

(Consultation procedure)

The European Parliament,

− having regard to the initiative of the Portuguese Republic (7381/2000) [1],

− having regard to Article 34(2)(c) of the EU Treaty,

− having been consulted by the Council pursuant to Article 39(1) of the EC Treaty (C5-0230/2000),

− having regard to Rules 106 and 67 of its Rules of Procedure,

− having regard to the report of the Committee on Citizens' Freedoms and Rights, Justice and Home Affairs (A5-0225/2000),

1. Approves the initiative of the Portuguese Republic, as amended;

2. Calls on the Council to notify Parliament should it intend to depart from the text approved by Parliament;

3. Asks to be consulted again if the Council intends to amend the initiative of the Portuguese Republic substantially;

4. Instructs its President to forward its position to the Council and Commission and the Portuguese Government.

[1] OJ C 141, 19.5.2000, p. 20.

10. Eurodac *

A5-0219/2000

Draft Council Regulation concerning the establishment of 'Eurodac' for the comparison of fingerprints for the effective application of the Dublin Convention (8417/2000 − C5-0256/2000 − 1999/0116(CNS)) (reconsultation)

The draft was amended as follows:

COUNCIL DRAFT	AMENDMENTS BY PARLIAMENT
	(Amendment 4) *Recital 13*
(13) Since the Member States alone are responsible for identifying and classifying the results of comparisons transmitted by the Central Unit as well as for the blocking of data relating to persons admitted and recognised as refugees and since this responsibility concerns the particularly sensitive area of the processing of personal data and could affect the exercise of individual freedoms, there are specific grounds for the Council reserving for itself the exercise of certain implementing powers, relating in particular to the adoption of measures ensuring the safety and reliability of such data.	**Deleted**