Council of the
European Union

Brussels, 6 November 2023
(OR. en)

14420/23

Interinstitutional File:
2023/0008(COD)

SOC 698
STATIS 65
CODEC 1936

NOTE

From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Delegations
Subject:	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European statistics on population and housing, amending Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 - Four column table

Delegations will find attached the four-column table on the above-mentioned proposal. The four-column table is complemented by an addendum containing the tables in the Annexes of the Commission proposal.

Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European statistics on population and housing, amending Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 (Text with EEA relevance)

2023/0008(COD)

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Formula				
1	2023/0008 (COD)	2023/0008 (COD)	2023/0008 (COD)	Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Proposal Title				
2	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European statistics on population and housing, amending Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 (Text with EEA relevance)	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European statistics on population and housing, amending Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 (Text with EEA relevance)	Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on European statistics on population and housing, amending Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 (Text with EEA relevance)	Text Origin: Commission Proposal
Formula				
3	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	

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Citation 1				
4	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 338(1) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 338(1) thereof,	Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 338(1) thereof,	
Citation 2				
5	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
Citation 3				
6	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	
Citation 4				
7	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee[1], _____ 1. OJ C , , p. .	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee[1], _____ 1. OJ C , , p. .	Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee[1], _____ 1. OJ C , , p. .	
Citation 5				
8	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions[1],	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions[1],	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions[1],	

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	1. OJ C , , p. .	1. OJ C , , p. .	1. OJ C , , p. .	
Citation 6				
9	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure,	
Formula				
10	Whereas:	Whereas:	Whereas:	
Recital 1				
11	(1) European statistics on population and housing are required for the design, implementation and evaluation of Union policies, in particular those addressing the demographic change, the green and digital transformations, the promotion of energy efficiency, economic, social and territorial cohesion, and achieving the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations (UN) 2030 Agenda.	(1) European statistics on population and housing ***play a central role in policy-making and decision-making processes and, as such, they*** are required for the design, implementation and evaluation of Union policies, in particular those addressing the demographic change, the green and digital transformations, the promotion of energy efficiency, economic, social and territorial cohesion, ***implementing the principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights*** and achieving the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations (UN) 2030	(1) European statistics on population and housing are required for the design, implementation and evaluation of Union policies, in particular those addressing the demographic change, the green and digital transformations, ~~the promotion of energy efficiency,~~ economic, social and territorial cohesion, and achieving the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations (UN) 2030 Agenda **as far as they fall within the scope of this regulation**.	

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		Agenda.		
Recital 2				
12	(2) Statistics on population are an important denominator for a wide range of policy indicators and used as reference across European statistics, particularly for providing sampling frames for conducting representative surveys of persons and households, under Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 October 2019 establishing a common framework for European statistics relating to persons and households, based on data at individual level collected from samples, amending Regulations (EC) No 808/2004, (EC) No 452/2008 and (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1177/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 (OJ L 261I, 14.10.2019, p. 1).	(2) Statistics on population are an important denominator for a wide range of policy indicators and used as reference across European statistics, particularly for providing sampling frames for conducting representative surveys of persons and households, under Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 October 2019 establishing a common framework for European statistics relating to persons and households, based on data at individual level collected from samples, amending Regulations (EC) No 808/2004, (EC) No 452/2008 and (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1177/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 (OJ L 261I, 14.10.2019, p. 1).	(2) Statistics on population are an important denominator for a wide range of policy indicators and used as reference across European statistics, particularly for providing sampling frames for conducting representative surveys of persons and households, under Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 October 2019 establishing a common framework for European statistics relating to persons and households, based on data at individual level collected from samples, amending Regulations (EC) No 808/2004, (EC) No 452/2008 and (EC) No 1338/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1177/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 (OJ L 261I, 14.10.2019, p. 1).	
Recital 3				
13	(3) The Economic and Financial Affairs Council regularly gives a	(3) The Economic and Financial Affairs Council regularly gives a	(3) The Economic and Financial Affairs Council regularly gives a	

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	mandate to the Economic Policy Committee to assess the long-term sustainability and quality of public finances based on population projections produced by Eurostat. The population projections are also used for policy analysis in the context of the European semester. The Commission (Eurostat) should have at disposal all the necessary statistics to produce and publish population projections according to the information needs of the Union.	mandate to the Economic Policy Committee to assess the long-term sustainability and quality of public finances based on population projections produced by Eurostat. The population projections are also used for policy analysis in the context of the European semester. The Commission (Eurostat) should have at disposal all the necessary statistics to produce and publish population projections according to the information needs of the Union.	mandate to the Economic Policy Committee to assess the long-term sustainability and quality of public finances based on population projections produced by Eurostat. The population projections are also used for policy analysis in the context of the European semester. The Commission (Eurostat) should have at disposal all the necessary statistics to produce and publish population projections according to the information needs of the Union.	
Recital 4				
14	(4) In accordance with Article 175(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), every three years the Commission should report on the progress made towards achieving economic, social and territorial cohesion to the European Parliament, the Council, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. Regional and local data including for different territorial types such as border regions, cities and their functional urban areas, metropolitan regions, rural regions, mountain and island regions are	(4) In accordance with Article 175(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), every three years the Commission should report on the progress made towards achieving economic, social and territorial cohesion to the European Parliament, the Council, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. Regional and local data including for different territorial types such as border regions, cities and their functional urban areas, metropolitan regions, rural regions, mountain and island regions are	(4) In accordance with Article 175(2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), every three years the Commission should report on the progress made towards achieving economic, social and territorial cohesion to the European Parliament, the Council, the Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. Regional and local data including for different territorial types such as border regions, cities and their functional urban areas, metropolitan regions, rural regions, mountain and island regions are	

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	necessary for the preparation of those reports and for the regular monitoring of demographic developments and of possible future demographic challenges in the Union territories.	necessary for the preparation of those reports and for the regular monitoring of demographic developments and of possible future demographic challenges in the Union territories.	necessary for the preparation of those reports and for the regular monitoring of demographic developments and of possible future demographic challenges in the Union territories.	
Recital 5				
15	(5) According to Article 16(4) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), a qualified majority of the members of the Council is defined, inter alia, based on the population of the Member States. For this purpose, pursuant to Article 4(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] Member States are currently obliged to provide the Commission (Eurostat) with data on the total population at national level. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 on European demographic statistics (OJ L 330, 10.12.2013, p. 39).	(5) According to Article 16(4) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), a qualified majority of the members of the Council is defined, inter alia, based on the population of the Member States. For this purpose, pursuant to Article 4(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] Member States are currently obliged to provide the Commission (Eurostat) with data on the total population at national level. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 on European demographic statistics (OJ L 330, 10.12.2013, p. 39).	(5) According to Article 16(4) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU), a qualified majority of the members of the Council is defined, inter alia, based on the population of the Member States. For this purpose, pursuant to Article 4(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] Member States are currently obliged to provide the Commission (Eurostat) with ~~data~~ **statistics** on the total population at national level. _____ 1. **[1]** Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 November 2013 on European demographic statistics (OJ L 330, 10.12.2013, p. 39).	
Recital 6				
16				

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	(6) In 2017, the European Statistical System Committee (ESSC) endorsed the Budapest Memorandum, which stated the need for annual statistics on the size and on certain social, economic and demographic characteristics of the population and improved statistics on migration. For the observance of the principles of equality and non-discrimination of its citizens in all activities and the individual citizens' rights as enshrined in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union[1] and Articles 10 and 19 TFEU, the Union needs reliable and comparable statistics. Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 provides a framework for data collections from samples that allow to collect data on equality and non-discrimination in so far as this is feasible on samples and to analyse some aspects of equality and discrimination by producing socio-economic indicators and information on experience of discrimination. In addition, the Fundamental Rights Agency (FRA) and the European Institute for Gender Equality (EIGE) carry out specific studies and dedicated	(6) In 2017, the European Statistical System Committee (ESSC) endorsed the Budapest Memorandum, which stated the need for annual statistics on the size and on certain social, economic and demographic characteristics of the population and improved statistics on migration. For the observance of the principles of equality and non-discrimination of its citizens in all activities and the individual citizens' rights as enshrined in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union[1] and Articles 10 and 19 TFEU, ***and for monitoring progress towards the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights,*** the Union needs reliable and comparable statistics. ***Migration and international protection statistics are essential to establishing an overview of migratory flows within the EU and to ensuring that Member States apply EU legislation correctly.*** Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 provides a framework for data collections from samples that allow to collect data on equality and non-discrimination in so far as this is	(6) In 2017, the European Statistical System Committee (ESSC) endorsed the Budapest Memorandum, which stated the need for annual statistics on the size and on certain social, economic and demographic characteristics of the population and improved statistics on migration. ~~For the observance of the principles of equality and non-discrimination of its citizens in all activities and the individual citizens' rights as enshrined in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union[1] and Articles 10 and 19 TFEU, the Union needs reliable and comparable statistics. Regulation (EU) 2019/1700 provides a framework for data collections from samples that allow to collect data on equality and non-discrimination in so far as this is feasible on samples and to analyse some aspects of equality and discrimination by producing socio-economic indicators and information on experience of discrimination. In addition, the Fundamental Rights Agency (FRA)~~**The Memorandum also called for the development and implementation of common**	

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	surveys that can further extend the availability of equality statistics at EU level. Future cooperation and coordination between Member States, Eurostat and these agencies should be enhanced to meet growing user demands for reliable and comprehensive data on equality and diversity in the Union. _____ 1. OJ C 202, 7.6.2016, p. 389.	feasible on samples and to analyse some aspects of equality and discrimination by producing socio-economic indicators and information on experience of discrimination. In addition, the Fundamental Rights Agency (FRA) and the European Institute for Gender Equality (EIGE) carry out specific studies and dedicated surveys that can further extend the availability of equality statistics at EU level. ***In addition, Eurofound provides data and information collected via surveys on living and working conditions.*** Future cooperation and coordination between Member States, Eurostat and these agencies should be enhanced to meet growing user demands for reliable and comprehensive data on equality and diversity in the Union***, while respecting the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data in accordance with Regulations 2016/679 and 2018/1725***. _____ 1. OJ C 202, 7.6.2016, p. 389.	**population and migration-related definitions, taking into account the need to establish concepts and definitions that are statistically sound, relevant and applicable in the face of new emerging types of migration** and the ~~European Institute for Gender Equality (EIGE) carry out specific studies and dedicated surveys that can further extend the availability of equality statistics at EU level. Future cooperation and coordination between Member States, Eurostat and these agencies should be enhanced to meet growing user demands for reliable and comprehensive data on equality and diversity in the Union.~~**growing use of administrative data sources.** [1] _____ 1. **[1]** OJ C 202, 7.6.2016, p. 389.	
Recital 7				
17				

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	(7) To achieve the targets of the European Green Deal, the development and evaluation of effective policies require enhanced statistics relating to the energy use and efficiency of housing, detailed geographical data on the distribution of the population as well as deeper studies of the relationship between population and housing. With the COVID-19 pandemic the need for reliable, high frequency and timely statistics on deaths in the Union was manifested. While data needs were met with a voluntary data collection from Member States to the Commission (Eurostat), the Union needs an adequate mechanism for mandatory collection of such data within the European Statistical System (ESS) with the necessary frequency, timeliness and detail.	(7) To achieve the targets of the European Green Deal ***and the European Pillar of Social Rights, and to fight the cost-of-living crisis***, the development and evaluation of effective policies ~~*require*~~***should be based on*** enhanced statistics relating to the energy use and efficiency of housing, detailed geographical data on the distribution of the population as well as deeper studies of the relationship between population and housing. With the COVID-19 pandemic the need for reliable, high frequency and timely statistics on deaths in the Union was manifested. While data needs were met with a voluntary data collection from Member States to the Commission (Eurostat), the Union needs an adequate mechanism for mandatory collection of such data within the European Statistical System (ESS) with the necessary frequency, timeliness and detail. ***The extent of mandatory collection of data should be balanced against the additional administrative burden and additional costs of the Member States. Taking this into account, derogations on the***	(7) To achieve the targets of the European Green Deal, the development and evaluation of effective policies require enhanced ~~statistics relating to the energy use and efficiency of housing,~~ **core population and housing statistics and** detailed geographical data on the distribution of the population as well as deeper studies of the relationship between population and housing. ~~With the COVID-19 pandemic the need for reliable, high frequency and timely statistics on deaths in the Union was manifested. While data needs were met with a voluntary data collection from Member States to the Commission (Eurostat), the Union needs an adequate mechanism for mandatory collection of such data within the European Statistical System (ESS) with the necessary frequency, timeliness and detail.~~	

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		timing of data collection may be granted.		
Recital 7a				
17a		***(7a) To monitor progress in the implementation of the European Pillar of Social Rights, its Action Plan's headline targets and the European Child Guarantee at the national level and assess the distributional impact of climate change and policies in general, the Union needs an adequate mechanism for mandatory collection of such data within the ESS with the necessary frequency, timeliness and detail.***		
Recital 8				
18	(8) United Nations Economic and Social Council, on the proposal of the United Nations Statistical Commission, every ten years adopts resolutions regarding the World population and housing census and invites UN Member States to conduct population and housing censuses in line with international and regional recommendations and by	(8) United Nations Economic and Social Council, on the proposal of the United Nations Statistical Commission, every ten years adopts resolutions regarding the World population and housing census and invites UN Member States to conduct population and housing censuses in line with international and regional recommendations and by	(8) United Nations Economic and Social Council, on the proposal of the United Nations Statistical Commission, every ten years adopts resolutions regarding the World population and housing census and invites UN Member States to conduct population and housing censuses in line with international and regional recommendations and by	

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	upholding the integrity, reliability, accuracy and value of the population and housing census results. European statistics on population and housing should take into account these recommendations.	upholding the integrity, reliability, accuracy and value of the population and housing census results. European statistics on population and housing should take into account these recommendations.	upholding the integrity, reliability, accuracy and value of the population and housing census results. European statistics on population and housing should take into account these recommendations.	
Recital 9				
19	(9) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] established a legal framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, based on common statistical principles. That Regulation sets out the quality criteria and refers to the need to minimise the response burden on survey respondents and to contribute to the more general objective of reducing the administrative burden. A new legal framework for European statistics on population and housing should implement the quality criteria set out in that Regulation and facilitate burden reduction by embracing effective and efficient reuse of available data sources including administrative data. _____	(9) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] established a legal framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, based on common statistical principles. That Regulation sets out the quality criteria and refers to the need to minimise the response burden on survey respondents and to contribute to the more general objective of reducing the administrative burden. A new legal framework for European statistics on population and housing should implement ***and build upon*** the quality criteria set out in that Regulation and ~~*facilitate burden reduction*~~***reduce the administrative burden*** by embracing effective and efficient reuse of available data sources including administrative	(9) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] established a legal framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, based on common statistical principles. That Regulation sets out the quality criteria and refers to the need to minimise the response burden on survey respondents and to contribute to the more general objective of reducing the administrative burden. A new legal framework for European statistics on population and housing should implement the quality criteria set out in that Regulation and facilitate burden reduction by embracing effective and efficient reuse of available data sources including administrative data. _____	

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	1. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	data. _____ 1. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	1. Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics and repealing Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities, Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on Community Statistics, and Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing a Committee on the Statistical Programmes of the European Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	
Recital 9a				
19a		***(9a) A reduction of administrative burdens arising at European level is a central objective of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. The Commission communication entitled 'Long-term competitiveness of the EU: looking beyond 2030' aims to rationalise and simplify reporting requirements by 25 % for each of the green, digital and economic thematic areas, and the forthcoming Commission proposal has the potential to reduce the administrative burden and to improve the competitiveness of all***		

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		undertakings in the EU, including small and medium-sized enterprises.		
Recital 10				
20	(10) The evaluation of existing statistics[1] on the population and housing censuses in the Union, statistics on international migration flows, migrant stocks and acquisitions of citizenship and demography statistics has shown that the current legal framework comprising Regulations (EC) No 862/2007[2], (EC) No 763/2008[3] and (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council has led to significant overall improvements of statistics compared to the 2005 situation without the current legal framework in force. That framework, however, has potential for a lack of coherence and comparability, which should be addressed. _____ 1. SWD(2023)13. 2. Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 on Community statistics on migration and international protection and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No	(10) The evaluation of existing statistics[1] on the population and housing censuses in the Union, statistics on international migration flows, migrant stocks and acquisitions of citizenship and demography statistics has shown that the current legal framework comprising Regulations (EC) No 862/2007[2], (EC) No 763/2008[3] and (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council has led to significant overall improvements of statistics compared to the 2005 situation without the current legal framework in force. That framework, however, has potential for a lack of coherence and comparability, which should be addressed. _____ 1. SWD(2023)13. 2. Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 on Community statistics on migration and international protection and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No	(10) The evaluation of existing statistics[1] on the population and housing censuses in the Union, statistics on international migration flows, migrant stocks and acquisitions of citizenship and demography statistics has shown that the current legal framework comprising Regulations (EC) No 862/2007[2], (EC) No 763/2008[3] and (EU) No 1260/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council has led to significant overall improvements of statistics compared to the 2005 situation without the current legal framework in force. That framework, however, has potential for a lack of coherence and comparability, which should be addressed. _____ 1. SWD(2023)13. 2. Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 July 2007 on Community statistics on migration and international protection and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No	

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	311/76 on the compilation of statistics on foreign workers (OJ L 199, 31.7.2007, p. 23). 3. Regulation (EC) No 763/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on population and housing censuses (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 14).	311/76 on the compilation of statistics on foreign workers (OJ L 199, 31.7.2007, p. 23). 3. Regulation (EC) No 763/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on population and housing censuses (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 14).	311/76 on the compilation of statistics on foreign workers (OJ L 199, 31.7.2007, p. 23). 3. Regulation (EC) No 763/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on population and housing censuses (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 14).	
Recital 11				
21	(11) The evolving demographic situation and recent migration trends have created demands for timelier, more frequent, and more detailed European statistics on population, vital events and housing including details of topics or groups that have become politically and societally relevant during the past decade. In addition, the existing legal framework is not flexible enough to adapt to evolving policy needs and to enable the use of new sources at national and Union level. Furthermore, the structure of the existing legal framework in the form of three separate regulations, adopted at different times, has led to intrinsic inconsistencies of the statistics. Finally, as Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 will cease to apply on 31 August 2028, a new legal basis is required for the	(11) The ***ongoing Russia's aggression against Ukraine, climate change, digital transformation,*** evolving demographic situation and recent migration trends have created demands for timelier, more frequent, and more detailed European statistics on population***, socio-economic developments***, vital events and housing including details of topics or groups that have become politically and societally relevant during the past decade. In addition, the existing legal framework is not flexible enough to adapt to evolving policy needs and to enable the use of new sources at national and Union level. Furthermore, the structure of the existing legal framework in the form of three separate regulations, adopted at different times, has led to intrinsic inconsistencies of the	(11) The evolving demographic situation and recent migration trends have created demands for timelier, more frequent, and more detailed European statistics on population, vital events and housing including details of topics ~~or groups~~ that have become politically and societally relevant during the past decade. In addition, the existing legal framework is not flexible enough to adapt to evolving policy needs and to enable the use of new sources at national and Union level~~. Furthermore, the structure of the existing legal framework in the form of three separate regulations, adopted at different times, has led to intrinsic inconsistencies of the statistics~~. Finally, as Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 will cease to apply on 31 August 2028, a new legal basis is required for the	

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	demographic statistics collected under that Regulation. It is therefore necessary to replace the current legal framework by a new, more coherent and flexible one that should amend relevant parts of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repeal Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013.	statistics. Finally, as Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 will cease to apply on 31 August 2028, a new legal basis is required for the demographic statistics collected under that Regulation. It is therefore necessary to replace the current legal framework by a new, more coherent and flexible one that should amend relevant parts of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repeal Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013.	demographic statistics collected under that Regulation. It is therefore necessary to replace the current legal framework by a new, more coherent and flexible one that should amend relevant parts of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 and repeal Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013.	
Recital 12				
22	(12) Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 covers statistics on the country of citizenship and place of birth of the resident population (migrant stocks), on changes of residence between countries (international migration flows) and on acquisitions of citizenship of the resident population, whereas the other statistics under that Regulation concern administrative and judicial procedures relating to immigration legislation and international protection. Statistics under Article 3 are therefore closely linked and should be consistent with the statistics on the	(12) Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 covers statistics on the country of citizenship and place of birth of the resident population (migrant stocks), on changes of residence between countries (international migration flows) and on acquisitions of citizenship of the resident population, whereas the other statistics under that Regulation concern administrative and judicial procedures relating to immigration legislation and international protection. Statistics under Article 3 are therefore closely linked and should be consistent with the statistics on the	(12) Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 covers statistics on the country of citizenship and place of birth of the resident population (migrant stocks), on changes of residence between countries (international migration flows) and on acquisitions of citizenship of the resident population, whereas the other statistics under that Regulation concern administrative and judicial procedures relating to immigration legislation and international protection. Statistics under Article 3 are therefore closely linked and should be consistent with the statistics on the	

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	resident population and its demographic changes provided under Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013. To ensure intrinsic consistency, these statistics should therefore be integrated into a single legal basis while deleting Article 3 from Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	resident population and its demographic changes provided under Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013. To ensure intrinsic consistency, these statistics should therefore be integrated into a single legal basis while deleting Article 3 from Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	resident population and its demographic changes provided under Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013. To ensure intrinsic consistency, these statistics should therefore be integrated into a single legal basis while deleting Article 3 from Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	
Recital 13				
23	(13) The rapidly changing nature of some population and housing characteristics, in particular in relation to demographic and migration phenomena, and the corresponding need for a prompt targeting and adaptation of policies means that there is a need for statistics to be available on a timely basis soon after the reference period. The periodicity and timeliness of statistics should be therefore tangibly advanced.	(13) The rapidly changing nature of some population and housing characteristics, in particular in relation to demographic***, socio-economic*** and migration phenomena, and the corresponding need for a prompt targeting and adaptation of policies means that there is a need for statistics to be available on a timely basis soon after the reference period. The periodicity and timeliness of statistics should be therefore tangibly advanced***, where possible through the use of administrative data and administrative records. To this end, the Member States should provide adequate resources for their national statistical institutes***.	(13) The rapidly changing nature of some population and housing characteristics, in particular in relation to demographic and migration phenomena, and the corresponding need for a prompt targeting and adaptation of policies means that there is a need for statistics to be available on a timely basis soon after the reference period. The periodicity and timeliness of statistics should be therefore ~~tangibly advanced~~**of high importance**.	

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Recital 14				
24	(14) Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] establishes a grid-based methodology for the definition of territorial typologies based on the population distribution by one kilometre square grid cells. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1799[2] as a temporary direct statistical action accompanying the 2021 population and housing censuses provides for key census outputs on a pan-European one kilometre square grid. A legal framework should ensure the continued dissemination of georeferenced population statistics based on grids and its extension to housing statistics. _____ 1. Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1). 2. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1799 of 21 November 2018 on the establishment of a temporary direct statistical action for the dissemination of selected topics of the 2021 population and housing census geocoded to a 1 km2 grid (OJ L 296, 22.11.2018, p. 19).	(14) Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] establishes a grid-based methodology for the definition of territorial typologies based on the population distribution by one kilometre square grid cells. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1799[2] as a temporary direct statistical action accompanying the 2021 population and housing censuses provides for key census outputs on a pan-European one kilometre square grid. A legal framework should ensure the continued dissemination of georeferenced population statistics based on grids and its extension to housing statistics. _____ 1. Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1). 2. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1799 of 21 November 2018 on the establishment of a temporary direct statistical action for the dissemination of selected topics of the 2021 population and housing census geocoded to a 1 km2 grid (OJ L 296, 22.11.2018, p. 19).	(14) Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] establishes a grid-based methodology for the definition of territorial typologies based on the population distribution by one kilometre square grid cells. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1799[2] as a temporary direct statistical action accompanying the 2021 population and housing censuses provides for key census outputs on a pan-European one kilometre square grid. A legal framework should ensure the continued dissemination of georeferenced population statistics based on grids and its extension to housing statistics. _____ 1. Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) (OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1). 2. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1799 of 21 November 2018 on the establishment of a temporary direct statistical action for the dissemination of selected topics of the 2021 population and housing census geocoded to a 1 km2 grid (OJ L 296, 22.11.2018, p. 19).	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Recital 15				
25	(15) Territorial units and statistical grids should be defined in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	(15) Territorial units and statistical grids should be defined in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	(15) Territorial units and statistical grids should be defined in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	
Recital 16				
26	(16) For geocoding of location, the Statistical Units theme in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] should be used. _____ 1. Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2007 establishing an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) (OJ L 108, 25.4.2007, p. 1).	(16) For geocoding of location, the Statistical Units theme in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] should be used. _____ 1. Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2007 establishing an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) (OJ L 108, 25.4.2007, p. 1).	(16) For geocoding of location, the Statistical Units theme in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] should be used. _____ 1. Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2007 establishing an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) (OJ L 108, 25.4.2007, p. 1).	
Recital 17				
27	(17) The current legal framework for European statistics on population and housing needs to be updated to ensure that the presently separate statistical processes are adequately integrated in a common	(17) The current legal framework for European statistics on population and housing needs to be updated to ensure that the presently separate statistical processes are adequately integrated in a common	(17) The current legal framework for European statistics on population and housing needs to be updated to ensure that the presently separate statistical processes are adequately integrated in a common	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	framework which allows the ESS to respond effectively to new information needs of the Union and encourage statistical innovations. Statistical output must enhance to remain relevant in the face of demographic, migratory, social and economic changes in society.	framework which allows the ESS to respond effectively to new information needs of the Union and encourage statistical innovations. Statistical output must ~~enhance~~***be enhanced*** to remain relevant in the face of demographic, migratory, social and economic changes ~~in society~~***and challenges, supporting policy and decision-making***.	framework which allows the ESS to respond effectively to new information needs of the Union and encourage statistical innovations. Statistical output must enhance to remain relevant in the face of demographic, migratory, social and economic changes in society.	
Recital 18				
28	(18) The enhanced regular (annual and infra-annual) statistics on population and housing based on administrative sources should be complemented with information from coordinated population and housing censuses in the Union conducted every ten years in accordance with the UN Principles and Recommendations. Equally important, population and housing censuses provide a unique opportunity for official statistics to be visible, both in terms of operations and results.	(18) The enhanced regular (annual and infra-annual) statistics on population and housing based on administrative sources should be complemented with information from coordinated population and housing censuses in the Union conducted every ten years in accordance with the UN Principles and Recommendations. Equally important, population and housing censuses provide a unique opportunity for official statistics to be visible, both in terms of operations and results.	(18) The enhanced regular (annual and infra-annual) statistics on population and housing ~~based on administrative sources~~ should be complemented with information from coordinated population and housing censuses in the Union conducted every ten years in accordance with the UN Principles and Recommendations. ~~Equally important,~~ Population and housing censuses provide a unique opportunity for official statistics to be visible, both in terms of operations and results.	
Recital 19				
29	(19) The Union censuses should	(19) The Union censuses should	(19) The Union censuses should	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	become more cost-effective through making full use of the rich set of administrative data available across the Member States or a combination of different sources including sources related to the Internet of Things (IoT) and provision of digital services. They should be also used to re-establish the demographic baseline and include surveys of the coverage of administrative data sources.	become more cost-effective through making full use of the rich set of administrative data available across the Member States or a combination of different sources including sources related to the Internet of Things (IoT) and provision of digital services ***based on the conclusion of protocols between the national statistical institutes of the Member States and providers of data from private databases***. They should ~~*be also*~~***respect the privacy of personal data by establishing the needed safeguards for personal data collection to avoid any potential misuse and guarantee fundamental rights. They should also be*** used to re-establish the demographic baseline and include surveys of the coverage of administrative data sources.	become more cost-effective through making full use of the rich set of administrative data available across the Member States or a combination of ~~different sources including~~**innovative methodologies or** sources ~~related to the Internet of Things (IoT) and provision of digital services~~. They should be also used to re-establish the demographic baseline~~ and include surveys of the coverage of administrative data sources~~.	
Recital 20				
30	(20) Member States and the Commission (Eurostat) should have sustainable access to the widest possible range of data sources to produce European statistics on population and housing of high quality and in a	(20) Member States and the Commission (Eurostat) should have sustainable access to the widest possible range of data sources to produce European statistics on population and housing of high quality and in a	(20) Member States and the Commission (Eurostat) should have sustainable access to the widest possible range of **appropriate** data sources to produce European statistics on population and housing of high	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	cost-effective manner. In this regard, it is crucial that national statistical authorities get timely access and are able to use promptly the administrative data owned by public administrations at national, regional and local level, in accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. For example, statistics on energy efficiency of buildings can be based on administrative data relating to the issuance of energy certificates of buildings under Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. The national statistical institutes also need to be involved in decisions concerning the design and redevelopment of relevant administrative data sources to ensure that they can be further reused for compilation of official statistics. _____ 1. Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings (OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 13).	cost-effective manner. In this regard, it is crucial that national statistical authorities get timely access and are able to use promptly the administrative data owned by public administrations at national, regional and local level, in accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009***, in a cost-efficient manner***. For example, statistics on energy efficiency of buildings can be based on administrative data relating to the issuance of energy certificates of buildings under Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]***. Data sources should also contain data related to hard-to-reach population groups, such as homeless people and people living in informal settings***. The national statistical institutes also need to be involved in decisions concerning the design and redevelopment of relevant administrative data sources to ensure that they can be further reused for compilation of official statistics. _____ 1. Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of	quality and in a cost-effective manner. In this regard, it is crucial that national statistical authorities get timely access and are able to use promptly the administrative data owned by public administrations at national, regional and local level, in accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. ~~For example, statistics on energy efficiency of buildings can be based on administrative data relating to the issuance of energy certificates of buildings under Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council[1].~~ **[1]** The national statistical ~~institutes~~ **authorities** also need to be involved in decisions concerning the design and redevelopment of relevant administrative data sources to ensure that they can be further reused for compilation of official statistics. _____ 1. **[1]** Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings (OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 13).	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		buildings (OJ L 153, 18.6.2010, p. 13).		
Recital 21				
31	(21) In recent years, comprehensive Union level databases and interoperability systems related to residence, vital events, citizenship and migratory and cross-border movements of population such as those established under Regulations (EU) 910/2014[1], (EU) 2018/1724[2], (EU) 2019/817[3] and (EU) 2019/818[4] of the European Parliament and of the Council have been developed. They provide valuable information that can be re-used for the compilation and quality assurance of European statistics on population and housing. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1724 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 October 2018 establishing a single digital gateway to provide access to information, to procedures and to assistance and problem-solving services and amending	(21) In recent years, comprehensive Union level databases and interoperability systems related to residence, vital events, citizenship and migratory and cross-border movements of population such as those established under Regulations (EU) 910/2014[1], (EU) 2018/1724[2], (EU) 2019/817[3] and (EU) 2019/818[4] of the European Parliament and of the Council have been developed. They provide valuable information that can be re-used for the compilation and quality assurance of European statistics on population and housing. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1724 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 October 2018 establishing a single digital gateway to provide access to information, to procedures and to assistance and problem-solving services and amending	(21) In recent years, comprehensive Union level databases and interoperability systems related to residence, vital events, citizenship and migratory and cross-border movements of population such as those established under Regulations (EU) 910/2014[1], (EU) 2018/1724[2], (EU) 2019/817[3] and (EU) 2019/818[4] of the European Parliament and of the Council have been developed. They provide valuable information that can be re-used for the compilation and quality assurance of European statistics on population and housing. **In that respect, it is essential to enable the Commission (Eurostat) to re-use these data for statistical purposes only while strictly applying rules of data protection and data privacy, as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council[5].** _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 1). 3. Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of borders and visa and amending Regulations (EC) No 767/2008, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240, (EU) 2018/1726 and (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decisions 2004/512/EC and 2008/633/JHA (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 27). 4. Regulation (EU) 2019/818 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of police and judicial cooperation, asylum and migration and amending Regulations (EU) 2018/1726, (EU) 2018/1862 and (EU) 2019/816 (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 85).	Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 1). 3. Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of borders and visa and amending Regulations (EC) No 767/2008, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240, (EU) 2018/1726 and (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decisions 2004/512/EC and 2008/633/JHA (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 27). 4. Regulation (EU) 2019/818 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of police and judicial cooperation, asylum and migration and amending Regulations (EU) 2018/1726, (EU) 2018/1862 and (EU) 2019/816 (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 85).	23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC (OJ L 257, 28.8.2014, p. 73). 2. Regulation (EU) 2018/1724 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 2 October 2018 establishing a single digital gateway to provide access to information, to procedures and to assistance and problem-solving services and amending Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 1). 3. Regulation (EU) 2019/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of borders and visa and amending Regulations (EC) No 767/2008, (EU) 2016/399, (EU) 2017/2226, (EU) 2018/1240, (EU) 2018/1726 and (EU) 2018/1861 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decisions 2004/512/EC and 2008/633/JHA (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 27). 4. Regulation (EU) 2019/818 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on establishing a framework for interoperability between EU information systems in the field of police and judicial cooperation, asylum and migration and amending Regulations (EU) 2018/1726, (EU) 2018/1862 and (EU) 2019/816 (OJ L 135, 22.5.2019, p. 85). **5. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies**	

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			and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	
Recital 22				
32	(22) In that respect, it is essential to enable the Commission (Eurostat) to re-use these data for statistical purposes only while strictly applying rules of data protection and data privacy, as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. This should apply in particular to the statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) in accordance with the purpose of the CRRS set out in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 as well as in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and in accordance with the Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data is stored in the CRRS. In particular, considering that the CRRS is to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes, the Commission	(22) In that respect, it is essential to enable the Commission (Eurostat) to re-use these data for statistical purposes only while strictly applying rules of data protection and data privacy, as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. This should apply in particular to the statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) in accordance with the purpose of the CRRS set out in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 as well as in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and in accordance with the Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data is stored in the CRRS. In particular, considering that the CRRS is to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes, the Commission	(22) ~~In that respect, it is essential to enable the Commission (Eurostat) to re-use these data for statistical purposes only while strictly applying rules of data protection and data privacy, as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1]. This should apply in particular to the statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS) in accordance with the purpose of the CRRS set out in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/817 as well as in Article 39(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/818 and in accordance with the Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data is stored in the CRRS. In particular, considering that the CRRS is to provide cross-system statistical data and analytical reporting for policy, operational and data quality purposes, the Commission~~	

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	(Eurostat) should cooperate with the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA), to the extent possible, with a view of providing the required European statistics. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	(Eurostat) should cooperate with the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA), to the extent possible, with a view of providing the required European statistics. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).	~~(Eurostat) should cooperate with the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA), to the extent possible, with a view of providing the required European statistics.~~ _____ ~~1. Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39).~~	
Recital 23				
33	(23) Privately held data can improve the coverage, timeliness and crisis response capacities of European statistics on population and housing or to enable statistical innovation. Such data have the potential to complement existing demography and migration statistics, bring statistical innovation and even serve for production of early estimates. The national statistical institutes and	(23) Privately held data can improve the coverage, timeliness and crisis response capacities of European statistics on population and housing or to enable statistical innovation. Such data have the potential to complement existing demography and migration statistics, bring statistical innovation and even serve for production of early estimates. The national statistical institutes and	(23) Privately held data can improve the coverage, timeliness and crisis response capacities of European statistics on population and housing or to enable statistical innovation. Such data have the potential to complement existing demography and migration statistics, bring statistical innovation and even serve for production of early estimates. The national statistical institutes and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	other competent national authorities and the Commission (Eurostat) should have access to and use such data.	other competent national authorities and the Commission (Eurostat) should have access to and use such data. ***In order to ensure the protection of the rights and freedoms of data holders, the Commission should establish a list of the types of privately held data sources that may be used for the production of statistics.***	other ~~competent~~ national authorities **of different Member States as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009** and the Commission (Eurostat) should have access to and use such data.	
Recital 23a				
33a		***(23a) In that respect, data sharing between privately held data providers or businesses and the national statistical institutes and the Commission (Eurostat) should be based on data-sharing protocols and cooperation agreements to be concluded by the involved actors and in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, as well as Directive 2002/58/EC.***		
Recital 24				
34	(24) To ensure the comparability of European statistics on population and housing at Union level, it is essential that common	(24) To ensure the comparability of European statistics on population and housing at Union level, it is essential that common	(24) To ensure the comparability of European statistics on population and housing at Union level, it is essential that common	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	population definitions are used and implemented in a harmonised way. To implement the single harmonised population base consistently, robustly and cost-effectively while ensuring timely results, statistical methods and modelling techniques such as 'signs of life' and 'rate of stay' need to be applied.	population definitions are used and implemented in a harmonised way. To implement the single harmonised population base consistently, robustly and cost-effectively while ensuring timely results, statistical methods and modelling techniques such as 'signs of life' and 'rate of stay' need to be applied.	population definitions are used and implemented in a harmonised way. To implement the single harmonised population base consistently, robustly and cost-effectively while ensuring timely results, statistical methods and **scientifically-based** modelling techniques ~~such as 'signs of life' and 'rate of stay' need to be applied.~~**may be applied where appropriate.**	
Recital 25				
35	(25) Member States should provide their data and metadata in electronic form in an appropriate technical format to be provided by the Commission. International standards, such as the Statistical Data and Metadata Exchange (SDMX) initiative, and statistical or technical standards elaborated within the Union, such as metadata and validation standards or European Interoperable Framework principles, should be used to the extent relevant for European statistics on population and housing. The ESSC has endorsed ESS standards for metadata and quality reports, in accordance with	(25) Member States should provide their data and metadata in electronic form in an appropriate technical format to be provided by the Commission. International standards, such as the Statistical Data and Metadata Exchange (SDMX) initiative, and statistical or technical standards elaborated within the Union, such as metadata and validation standards or European Interoperable Framework principles, should be used to the extent relevant for European statistics on population and housing. The ESSC has endorsed ESS standards for metadata and quality reports, in accordance with	(25) Member States should provide their data and metadata in electronic form in an appropriate technical format to be provided by the Commission. International standards, such as the Statistical Data and Metadata Exchange (SDMX) initiative, and statistical or technical standards elaborated within the Union, such as metadata and validation standards or European Interoperable Framework principles, should be used to the extent relevant for European statistics on population and housing. The ESSC has endorsed ESS standards for metadata and quality reports, in accordance with	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. Those standards are to contribute to the harmonisation of quality assurance and reporting under this Regulation and should be therefore introduced.	Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. Those standards are to contribute to the harmonisation of quality assurance and reporting under this Regulation and should be therefore introduced.	Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. Those standards are to contribute to the harmonisation of quality assurance and reporting under this Regulation and should be therefore introduced.	
Recital 26				
36	(26) European statistics on population and housing should meet the quality criteria on relevance, accuracy, timeliness and punctuality, accessibility and clarity, comparability and coherence specified in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. Their quality should be enhanced as far as the needs of the Union evolve. Appropriate results from the quality assessment carried out by the Commission (Eurostat) should be publicly available to statistics users. Access to these statistics should be free and easy through Commission (Eurostat) databases on its website and in its publications.	(26) European statistics on population and housing should meet the quality criteria on relevance, accuracy, timeliness and punctuality, accessibility and clarity, comparability and coherence specified in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. Their quality should be enhanced as far as the needs of the Union evolve***, and mechanisms should be established to address possible situations where the quality of data is not guaranteed. In such instances, the Commission (Eurostat) should have the right to check the methodology that is being used and organise site visits of the authorities collecting the data. Assistance and technical support should also be provided upon the request of national authorities***. Appropriate results from the quality assessment carried out by	(26) European statistics on population and housing should meet the quality criteria on relevance, accuracy, timeliness and punctuality, accessibility and clarity, comparability and coherence specified in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. Their quality should be enhanced as far as the needs of the Union evolve. Appropriate results from the quality assessment carried out by the Commission (Eurostat) should be publicly available to statistics users. Access to these statistics should be free and easy through Commission (Eurostat) databases on its website and in its publications.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		the Commission (Eurostat) should be publicly available to statistics users. ~~Access to these statistics should be free and easy~~ ***by assuring free and easy access to these statistics*** through Commission (Eurostat) databases on its website and in its publications.		
Recital 26a				
36a		***(26a) European statistics on population and housing should address the persistent lack of data regarding vulnerable groups (hard-to-reach population groups), such as persons residing in institutions (e.g. military institutions, correctional and penal institutions, dormitories of schools and universities, religious institutions, hospitals, residential care centres, institutions for persons with disabilities and orphanages), persons aged 75+, persons with disabilities, homeless people, persons with migrant background and stateless persons. In order to bridge this data divide and to prevent social and economic inequalities arising from it, the Member States should***		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		develop strategies and targeted solutions for collecting data about hard-to-reach population groups, in particular with regard to locating, contacting, persuading and interviewing such populations.		
Recital 26b				
36b		***(26b) Adequate, timely and effective policies presuppose reliable and comparable data, disaggregated by gender, age and disability and, where relevant, nationality, socio-economic status, geographical area, and other parameters in accordance with the United Nations Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics. This data is relevant to better understand population and housing trends, to combat intersectional discrimination and to implement and assess Union policies, objectives and actions, such as the European Pillar of Social Rights, the European Child Guarantee, the European Care Strategy, the European Strategy for the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and the European Platform on Combatting***		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		Homelessness, all of which rely heavily on data about households and families. The collection and the use of such data must be conducted with full respect of Union and national privacy and fundamental rights standards, particularly in statistical research involving minors.		
Recital 27				
37	(27) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 includes rules on the provision of data from the Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) and on the use thereof, including on the transmission and protection of confidential data. Measures taken in accordance with this Regulation should ensure that confidential data are provided and used exclusively for statistical purposes in accordance with Articles 21 and 22 of that Regulation.	(27) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 includes rules on the provision of data from the Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) and on the use thereof, including on the transmission and protection of confidential data. Measures taken in accordance with this Regulation should ensure that confidential data are provided and used exclusively for statistical purposes in accordance with Articles 21 and 22 of that Regulation.	(27) Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 includes rules on the provision of data from the Member States to the Commission (Eurostat) and on the use thereof, including on the transmission and protection of confidential data. Measures taken in accordance with this Regulation should ensure that confidential data are provided and used exclusively for statistical purposes in accordance with Articles 21 and 22 of that Regulation.	
Recital 28				
38	(28) The Commission (Eurostat) is to respect the statistical confidentiality of the data provided by Member States pursuant to	(28) The Commission (Eurostat) is to respect the statistical confidentiality of the data provided by Member States pursuant to	(28) The Commission (Eurostat) is to respect the statistical confidentiality of the data provided by Member States pursuant to	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. With regard to the population statistics collected under this Regulation, a harmonised approach to ensuring high quality of European aggregates and avoiding the disclosure of confidential data in statistical outputs should be developed, avoiding as far as possible the suppression of data.	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. With regard to the population statistics collected under this Regulation, a harmonised approach to ensuring high quality of European aggregates and avoiding the disclosure of confidential data in statistical outputs should be developed, avoiding as far as possible the suppression of data.	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. With regard to the population statistics collected under this Regulation, a harmonised approach to ensuring high quality of European aggregates and avoiding the disclosure of confidential data in statistical outputs should be developed, avoiding as far as possible the suppression of data.	
Recital 29				
39	(29) Data sources available at national level are not always able to capture accurately phenomena related to the free movement of persons in the Union, the access of persons to cross-border services on demographic vital events and the exercise of persons rights to buy and own housing property used as primary, holiday and secondary accommodation across the Union. There are also asymmetries in the bilateral migration flows and difficulties to measure population groups, for instance among the migrant, homeless or stateless population. Therefore, data sharing for the purposes of compiling statistics on population and migration and ensuring their	(29) Data sources available at national level are not always able to capture accurately phenomena related to the free movement of persons in the Union, the access of persons to cross-border services on demographic vital events and the exercise of persons rights to buy and own housing property used as primary, holiday and secondary accommodation across the Union. There are also ~~*asymmetries*~~***discrepancies*** in the bilateral migration flows and difficulties to measure population groups, for instance among the migrant, homeless or stateless population. Therefore, data sharing for the purposes of compiling statistics on population and	(29) Data sources available at national level are not always able to capture accurately phenomena related to the free movement of persons in the Union, the access of persons to cross-border services on demographic vital events and the exercise of persons rights to buy and own housing property used as primary, holiday and secondary accommodation across the Union. There are also asymmetries in the bilateral migration flows and difficulties to measure population groups, for instance among the migrant, homeless or stateless population. Therefore, **voluntary** data sharing for the purposes of compiling statistics on population and migration and ensuring their	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	quality should be reinforced and considered as yet another data source. Such reinforced data sharing may cover a wide range of relevant data, from data that clearly do not allow for the identification of statistical units, either directly or indirectly, to data potentially subject to statistical confidentiality requirements. Member States should, in their own interest and in the interest of the other Member States, participate in data sharing activities, including in pilot projects assessing innovative secure solutions. The Commission (Eurostat) should also establish a secure infrastructure to facilitate such data sharing while ensuring all necessary safeguards.	migration and ensuring their quality should be reinforced and considered as yet another data source. Such reinforced data sharing may cover a wide range of relevant data, from data that clearly do not allow for the identification of statistical units, either directly or indirectly, to data potentially subject to statistical confidentiality requirements. Member States should, in their own interest and in the interest of the other Member States, participate in data sharing activities, including in pilot projects assessing innovative secure solutions. The Commission (Eurostat) should also establish a secure infrastructure to facilitate such data sharing while ensuring all necessary safeguards ***for data protection***.	quality should be ~~reinforced and~~ considered as yet another data source. Such ~~reinforced~~ data sharing may cover a wide range of relevant data, from data that clearly do not allow for the identification of statistical units, either directly or indirectly, to data potentially subject to statistical confidentiality requirements. Member States ~~should,~~ **may** in their own interest and in the interest of the other Member States, participate in data sharing activities, including in pilot projects assessing innovative secure solutions. The Commission (Eurostat) should also establish a secure infrastructure to facilitate such data sharing while ensuring all necessary safeguards.	
Recital 30				
40	(30) When data sharing entails processing of personal data according to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, the principles of purpose limitation, data minimisation, storage	(30) When data sharing entails processing of personal data according to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, the principles of ***lawfulness, fairness and transparency,*** purpose	(30) When data sharing entails processing of personal data according to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, the principles of purpose limitation, data minimisation, storage	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	limitation and integrity and confidentiality should be fully applied. In particular, data sharing mechanisms based on privacy enhancing technologies that are specifically designed to implement these principles should be preferred over direct data transmission. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).	limitation, data minimisation, storage limitation and integrity and confidentiality should be fully applied. In particular, ***only*** data sharing mechanisms based on privacy enhancing technologies that are specifically designed to implement these principles should be ~~*preferred over direct data transmission*~~***used for the transmission of personal data***. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).	limitation and integrity and confidentiality should be fully applied. In particular, data sharing mechanisms based on privacy enhancing technologies that are specifically designed to implement these principles should be preferred over direct data transmission. **In addition and more specifically, for the potential further processing of personal data for statistical purposes, Article 89(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 should be fully applied.** _____ 1. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).	
Recital 31				
41	(31) The sharing of confidential data should take place only on the basis of a request justifying the necessity to share these data in accordance with Chapter V of	(31) The sharing of confidential data should take place only on the basis of a request justifying the necessity to share these data in accordance with Chapter V of	(31) The sharing of confidential data should take place only on the basis of a request justifying the necessity to share these data in accordance with Chapter V of	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	
Recital 32				
42	(32) In the longer term, the collaborative efforts in the European Statistical System to mitigate cross-border statistical quality issues, such as double counting of Union residents enjoying freedom of movement, should profit as much as possible from single digital identifiers established at Union level by Regulation (EU) No 910/2014	(32) In the longer term, the collaborative efforts in the European Statistical System to mitigate cross-border statistical quality issues, such as double counting of Union residents enjoying freedom of movement, should ~~profit as much as possible from~~***be facilitated through, for example, the introduction of*** single digital identifiers established at Union level by Regulation (EU) No 910/2014	(32) In the longer term, the collaborative efforts in the European Statistical System to mitigate cross-border statistical quality issues, such as double counting of Union residents enjoying freedom of movement, should profit as much as possible from single digital identifiers established at Union level by Regulation (EU) No 910/2014	
Recital 33				
43	(33) This Regulation is without prejudice to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725 and Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.[1] Within their respective scope of application, the latter Regulations are to apply to the processing of personal data under this Regulation. _____ 1. Directive 2002/58/EC of the European	(33) This Regulation is without prejudice to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725 and Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.[1] Within their respective scope of application, the latter Regulations are to apply to the processing of personal data under this Regulation. ***Anonymised or pseudonymised data should be used for processing, sharing and***	(33) This Regulation is without prejudice to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725 and Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.[1] Within their respective scope of application, the latter Regulations are to apply to the processing of personal data under this Regulation. _____ 1. Directive 2002/58/EC of the European	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p. 37).	***archiving of personal data for statistical purposes to guarantee the safeguards as adopted under Article 89 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Article 13 of the Regulation (EU) 2018/1725. Preference should be given to processing anonymised data when producing and sharing statistics within the scope of this Regulation unless a hard impediment exists, in which case pseudonymised data should be processed.*** _____ 1. Directive 2002/58/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p. 37).	Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (OJ L 201, 31.7.2002, p. 37).	
Recital 34				
44	(34) European statistics on population and housing should evolve to take into account emerging data needs stemming from changing policy priorities, as well as changes in the demographic, migratory, social or economic situation in the Union.	(34) European statistics on population and housing should evolve to take into account emerging data needs stemming from changing policy priorities, as well as changes in the demographic, migratory, social or economic situation in the Union.	(34) European statistics on population and housing should evolve to take into account emerging data needs stemming from changing policy priorities, as well as changes in the demographic, migratory, social or economic situation in the Union.	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	The Commission (Eurostat) should undertake pilot studies assessing the feasibility of the adaptations concerned as appropriate and should take into account aspects such as costs and administrative burdens on Member States and the availability of appropriate data sources.	The Commission (Eurostat) should undertake pilot studies assessing the feasibility of the adaptations concerned as appropriate and should take into account aspects such as costs and administrative burdens on Member States and the availability of appropriate data sources. ***When preparing these studies, the Commission should ensure the representativeness of the studies at Union level, in particular with regard to regional differences.***	The Commission (Eurostat) should undertake pilot studies assessing the feasibility of the adaptations concerned as appropriate and should take into account aspects such as costs and administrative burdens on Member States and the availability of appropriate data sources. **The results of such pilot and feasibility studies should be evaluated in cooperation with Member States.**	
Recital 35				
45	(35) In order to take account of demographic, economic and social trends as well as technological developments, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 TFEU should be delegated to the Commission in order to amend the list, description , periodicities and reference times of detailed topics covered by European statistics on population and housing; to update the periodicities and reference times in the Annex to this Regulation and to specify the information to be provided by Member States on an ad hoc basis.	(35) In order to take account of demographic, economic and social trends***, technological developments and the need to design well-targeted policies in a timely manner*** ~~*as well as technological developments*~~, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 TFEU should be delegated to the Commission in order to amend the list, description , periodicities and reference times of detailed topics covered by European statistics on population and housing; to update the periodicities and reference times in	(35) In order to take account of demographic, economic and social trends as well as technological developments, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 TFEU should be delegated to the Commission in order to amend the list~~, description , periodicities and reference times~~ of detailed topics covered by European statistics on population and housing~~; to update the periodicities and reference times in the Annex to this Regulation and to specify the information to be provided by Member States on an ad hoc basis.~~	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making[1]. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. _____ 1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	the Annex to this Regulation and to specify the information to be provided by Member States on an ad hoc basis. It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making[1]. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. _____ 1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	It is of particular importance that the Commission carry out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making[1]. In particular, to ensure equal participation in the preparation of delegated acts, the European Parliament and the Council receive all documents at the same time as Member States' experts, and their experts systematically have access to meetings of Commission expert groups dealing with the preparation of delegated acts. **New requirements should not significantly increase the burden or cost for respondents or Member States.** _____ 1. OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.	
Recital 35a				
45a		***(35a) The importance of European statistics as vital part of evidence-based decision-making is reflected in the EU budget 2021-***		

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		2027 for ensuring financial support for the development, production and dissemination of high-quality European statistics by the Single Market Programme. Reforming the collection of data via effective cooperation between relevant national authorities, statistical institutes and data providers as well as improving data quality should become eligible to benefit from the Technical Support Instrument. To this end, the funds shall be used for the purpose of helping the national statistical institutes and other competent national authorities to collect the needed data as requested by the Commission (Eurostat), especially in cases of providing ad hoc data collection as specified under this Regulation.		
Recital 36				
46	(36) In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] and Council Regulations (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95[2], (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96[3] and	(36) In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] and Council Regulations (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95[2], (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96[3] and	(36) In accordance with the Financial Regulation, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council[1] and Council Regulations (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95[2], (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96[3] and	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	(EU) 2017/1939[4], the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including measures relating to the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities, including fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used, and, where appropriate, to the imposition of administrative penalties. In particular, in accordance with Regulations (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 and (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) has the power to carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. The European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) is empowered, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, to investigate and prosecute criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the	(EU) 2017/1939[4], the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including measures relating to the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities, including fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used, and, where appropriate, to the imposition of administrative penalties. In particular, in accordance with Regulations (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 and (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) has the power to carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. The European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) is empowered, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, to investigate and prosecute criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the	(EU) 2017/1939[4], the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including measures relating to the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities, including fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used, and, where appropriate, to the imposition of administrative penalties. In particular, in accordance with Regulations (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 and (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) has the power to carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. The European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) is empowered, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, to investigate and prosecute criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Council[5]. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the Union, grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the Court of Auditors and, in respect of those Member States participating in enhanced cooperation pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the EPPO, and ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. _____ 1. Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.9.2013, p. 1). 2. Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.1995, p. 1). 3. Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other	Council[5]. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the Union, grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the Court of Auditors and, in respect of those Member States participating in enhanced cooperation pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the EPPO, and ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. _____ 1. Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.9.2013, p. 1). 2. Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.1995, p. 1). 3. Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other	Council[5]. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the Union, grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the Court of Auditors and, in respect of those Member States participating in enhanced cooperation pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the EPPO, and ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. _____ 1. Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.9.2013, p. 1). 2. Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.1995, p. 1). 3. Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2). 4. Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L 283, 31.10.2017, p. 1). 5. Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).	irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2). 4. Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L 283, 31.10.2017, p. 1). 5. Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).	irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2). 4. Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L 283, 31.10.2017, p. 1). 5. Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).	
Recital 37				
47	(37) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation with regard to the specification of data and metadata requirements, technical formats and procedures for data and metadata provision, content and structure of quality reports, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and the Council[1]. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011,	(37) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation with regard to the specification of data and metadata requirements, technical formats and procedures for data and metadata provision, content and structure of quality reports, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and the Council[1]. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011,	(37) In order to ensure uniform conditions for the implementation of this Regulation with regard to the specification of data and metadata requirements, technical formats and procedures for data and metadata provision, content and structure of quality reports, implementing powers should be conferred on the Commission. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and the Council[1]. _____ 1. Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011,	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	p. 13).	p. 13).	p. 13).	
Recital 38				
48	(38) Where the implementation of this Regulation, or of delegated and implementing acts adopted pursuant thereto, would require major adaptations to the national statistical system of a Member State for data provision with periodicity of less than 10 years, the Commission should be able, in duly justified cases and for a limited period of time, to grant derogations to the Member States concerned.	(38) Where the implementation of this Regulation, or of delegated and implementing acts adopted pursuant thereto, would require major adaptations to the national statistical system of a Member State for data provision with periodicity of less than 10 years, the Commission should be able, in duly justified cases and for a limited period of time, to grant derogations to the Member States concerned.	(38) Where the implementation of this Regulation, or of delegated and implementing acts adopted pursuant thereto, would require major adaptations to the national statistical system of a Member State ~~for data provision with periodicity of less than 10 years~~, the Commission should be able, in duly justified cases and for a limited period of time, to grant derogations to the Member States concerned.	
Recital 39				
49	(39) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely the systematic production of European statistics on population and housing, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, for reasons of consistency and comparability, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures to achieve that objective, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out	(39) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely the systematic production of European statistics on population and housing, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, for reasons of consistency and comparability, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures to achieve that objective, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out	(39) Since the objective of this Regulation, namely the systematic production of European statistics on population and housing, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States but can rather, for reasons of consistency and comparability, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures to achieve that objective, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	in Article 5 TEU. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	in Article 5 TEU. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	TEU. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve that objective.	
Recital 40				
50	(40) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on [xxx].	(40) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on [xxx].	(40) The European Data Protection Supervisor was consulted in accordance with Article 42(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 and delivered an opinion on ~~[xxx]~~**16 March 2023**.	
Recital 41				
51	(41) The European Statistical System Committee has been consulted,	(41) The European Statistical System Committee has been consulted,	(41) The European Statistical System Committee has been consulted,	
Formula				
52	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:	
Article 1				
53	Article 1	Article 1	Article 1	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	
Article 1, first paragraph				
54	This Regulation establishes a common legal framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics on population and housing.	This Regulation establishes a common legal framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics on population and housing.	This Regulation establishes a common legal framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics on population and housing.	
Article 2				
55	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	Article 2 Definitions	
Article 2, first paragraph				
56	For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (1)				
57	(1) 'citizenship' means the particular legal bond between a natural person and his or her State, acquired by birth or naturalisation, whether by declaration, choice, marriage, adoption or other means	(1) 'citizenship' means the particular legal bond between a natural person and his or her State, acquired by birth or naturalisation, whether by declaration, choice, marriage, adoption or other means	(1) 'citizenship' means the particular legal bond between a natural person and his or her State, acquired by birth or naturalisation, whether by declaration, choice, marriage, adoption or other means	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	according to national legislation;	according to national legislation;	according to national legislation;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (2)				
58	(2) 'usual residence' means the place where a person normally spends the daily period of rest, regardless of temporary absences for purposes of recreation, holidays, visits to friends and relatives, business, medical treatment or religious pilgrimage. Only the following persons shall be considered to be usual residents of a specific geographical area:	(2) 'usual residence' means the place where a person normally spends the daily period of rest, regardless of temporary absences for purposes of recreation, holidays, visits to friends and relatives, business, medical treatment or religious pilgrimage. Only the following persons shall be considered to be usual residents of a specific geographical area:	(2) 'usual residence' means the place where a person normally spends the daily period of rest, regardless of temporary absences for purposes of recreation, holidays, visits to friends and relatives, business, medical treatment or religious pilgrimage. Only the following persons shall be considered to be usual residents of a specific geographical area:	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (2)(a)				
59	(a) those who have lived in their place of usual residence most of the time in the 12 months prior to and including the reference date; or	(a) those who have lived in their place of usual residence most of the time in the 12 months prior to and including the reference date; or	(a) those who have lived in their place of usual residence most of the time in the 12 months prior to and including the reference date; or	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (2)(b)				
60	(b) those who arrived at their place of usual residence during the 12 months prior to and including the reference date and for whom there is an intention or expectation of staying there most of the time for	(b) those who arrived at their place of usual residence during the 12 months prior to and including the reference date and for whom there is an intention or expectation of staying there most of the time for	(b) those who arrived at their place of usual residence during the 12 months prior to and including the reference date and for whom there is an intention or expectation of staying there most of the time for	

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	at least 12 months after arrival;	at least 12 months after arrival;	at least 12 months after arrival;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (3)				
61	(3) 'signs of life' means any information indicative of the actual presence and usual residence of a person on the territory of interest. They can be obtained from any appropriate source or combination of them, including digital traces that relate to the person;	(3) 'signs of life' means any information indicative of the actual presence and usual residence of a person on the territory of interest. They can be obtained from any appropriate source or combination of them, including digital traces that relate to the person;	(3) ~~'signs of life' means any information indicative of the actual presence and usual residence of a person on the territory of interest. They can be obtained from any appropriate source or combination of them, including digital traces that relate to the person;~~	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (4)				
62	(4) 'rate of stay' means the proportion of the number of persons arrived in the place of interest during a selected period of time who have remained in the same place for at least 12 months over the total number of persons arrived in the same place during the same period of time;	(4) 'rate of stay' means the proportion of the number of persons arrived in the place of interest during a selected period of time who have remained in the same place for at least 12 months over the total number of persons arrived in the same place during the same period of time;	(4) ~~'rate of stay' means the proportion of the number of persons arrived in the place of interest during a selected period of time who have remained in the same place for at least 12 months over the total number of persons arrived in the same place during the same period of time;~~	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (5)				
63	(5) 'international migration' means the event by which a person establishes his or her usual residence in the territory of a	(5) 'international migration' means the event by which a person establishes his or her usual residence in the territory of a	(5) 'international migration' means the event by which a person establishes his or her usual residence in the territory of a	

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	Member State or third country, having previously been usually resident in another Member State or a third country;	Member State or third country, having previously been usually resident in another Member State or a third country;	Member State or third country, having previously been usually resident in another Member State or a third country;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (6)				
64	(6) 'immigrant' means a person who underwent international migration during the reference period to establish his or her new usual residence inside the reporting country;	(6) 'immigrant' means a person who underwent international migration during the reference period to establish his or her new usual residence inside the reporting country;	(6) 'immigrant' means a person who underwent international migration during the reference period to establish his or her new usual residence inside the reporting country;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (7)				
65	(7) 'emigrant' means a person who underwent international migration during the reference period to establish his or her new usual residence outside the reporting country, having previously been usually resident within the reporting country;	(7) 'emigrant' means a person who underwent international migration during the reference period to establish his or her new usual residence outside the reporting country, having previously been usually resident within the reporting country;	(7) 'emigrant' means a person who underwent international migration during the reference period to establish his or her new usual residence outside the reporting country, having previously been usually resident within the reporting country;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (8)				
66	(8) 'internal migration' means the event by which a person changes his or her place of usual residence within the territory of the reporting	(8) 'internal migration' means the event by which a person changes his or her place of usual residence within the territory of the reporting	(8) 'internal migration' means the event by which a person changes his or her place of usual residence within the territory of the reporting	

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	country;	country;	country;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (8a)				
66a		***(8a) 'hard-to-reach population groups' means groups of individuals for whom a real or perceived barrier exists for full and representative inclusion in the collection of statistical data;***		
Article 2, first paragraph, point (9)				
67	(9) 'living quarter' means a temporary or permanent structure, shelter or lodging place at which one or more persons reside, irrespective of whether it is designed or intended for human habitation;	(9) 'living quarter' means a temporary or permanent structure, shelter or lodging place at which one or more persons reside, irrespective of whether it is designed or intended for human habitation;	(9) 'living ~~quarter~~**quarters**' means a temporary or permanent structure, shelter or lodging place at which one or more persons reside, irrespective of whether it is designed or intended for human habitation;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (10)				
68	(10) 'conventional dwelling' means a premise at a fixed location that is designed for permanent human habitation but that is not intended for institutional or collective housing;	(10) 'conventional ~~*dwelling' means a premise at a*~~***dwellings' are structurally separate and independent premises in*** fixed ~~*location that is*~~***locations that are*** designed for permanent human habitation ~~*but that is not intended for institutional or collective*~~	(10) 'conventional dwelling' means a premise at a fixed location that is designed for permanent human habitation but that is not intended for institutional or collective housing;	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		~~housing~~***and which at the reference date are (a) being used as a residence or (b) unoccupied or (c) used as a secondary or seasonal dwelling. 'separate' means surrounded by walls and covered by a roof or ceiling in such a way that one or more persons can reside there independent of others. 'independent' means with direct access from a street or stairway, passage, corridor or land***;		
Article 2, first paragraph, point (11)				
69	(11) 'building intended for habitation' means a permanent structure comprised of one or more conventional dwellings or which is intended for institutional or collective housing.	(11) 'building intended for habitation' means a permanent structure comprised of one or more conventional dwellings or which is intended for institutional or collective housing.	(11) 'building intended for habitation' means a permanent structure comprised of one or more conventional dwellings or which is intended for institutional or collective housing.	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (12)				
70	(12) 'household' means a group of two or more persons who share living quarters or other specific resources; or an individual person who does not form part of any other household;	(12) 'household' means a group of two or more persons who share living quarters or ~~other specific~~***financial*** resources~~;~~**,** or an individual person who does not form part of any other household;	(12) 'household' means a group of two or more persons who share living quarters ~~or other specific resources~~; or an individual person who does not form part of any other household;	

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Article 2, first paragraph, point (12a)				
70a		***(12a) 'institution' means a collective living quarter for the purpose of long-term inhabitation and provision of services to a group of persons;***		
Article 2, first paragraph, point (13)				
71	(13) 'family' means a group of two or more persons who live in the same household and who are related through parenthood or through marital, registered or consensual union partnership;	(13) 'family' means a group of two or more persons who live ***at least part of the time*** in the same household and who are related through parenthood or through marital, registered or consensual union partnership;	(13) 'family' means a group of two or more persons who live in the same household and who are related through parenthood or through marital, registered or consensual union partnership;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (14)				
72	(14) 'administrative records' mean data generated by a non- statistical source, usually a register hold by a public body, the main aim of which is not the provision of statistics;	(14) 'administrative records' mean data generated by a non- statistical source, usually a register hold by a public body, the main aim of which is not the provision of statistics;	(14) 'administrative records' mean data generated by a non- statistical source, usually a register ~~hold~~ **held** by a public body, the main aim of which is not the provision of statistics;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (14a)				
72a			**(14a) 'privately held data' means data held by private**	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			entities, the main aim of which is not the provision of statistics;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (15)				
73	(15) 'domain' means one or several data sets that covers particular topics;	(15) 'domain' means one or several data sets that covers particular topics;	(15) 'domain' means one or several data sets that covers particular topics;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (16)				
74	(16) 'topic' means the content of the information to be collected about the statistical units, with each topic covering several detailed topics;	(16) 'topic' means the content of the information to be collected about the statistical units, with each topic covering several detailed topics;	(16) 'topic' means the content of the information to be collected about the statistical units, with each topic covering several detailed topics;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (17)				
75	(17) 'detailed topic' means the detailed content of the information to be collected about the statistical units related to a topic, each detailed topic covering one or several variables;	(17) 'detailed topic' means the detailed content of the information to be collected about the statistical units related to a topic, each detailed topic covering one or several variables;	(17) 'detailed topic' means the detailed content of the information to be collected about the statistical units related to a topic, each detailed topic covering one or several variables;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (18)				
76	(18) 'data set' means statistics in the form of one or several variables	(18) 'data set' means statistics in the form of one or several variables	(18) 'data set' means ~~statistics in the form of~~ one or several variables	

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	organised in a structured form;	organised in a structured form;	organised in a structured form;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (19)				
77	(19) 'population and housing census' means the detailed decennial data sets and metadata to be provided under this Regulation;	(19) 'population and housing census' means the detailed decennial data sets and metadata to be provided under this Regulation;	(19) 'population and housing census' means the detailed decennial data sets and metadata to be provided under this Regulation;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (20)				
78	(20) 'statistical unit' means one member of a universe of entities, namely persons, objects or events about which data are collected and statistics are ultimately compiled;	(20) 'statistical unit' means one member of a universe of entities, namely persons, objects or events about which data are collected and statistics are ultimately compiled;	(20) 'statistical unit' means one member of a universe of entities, namely persons, objects or events about which data are collected and statistics are ~~ultimately~~ compiled;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (21)				
79	(21) 'variable' means a characteristic of a statistical unit that can assume more than one set of values;	(21) 'variable' means a characteristic of a statistical unit that can assume more than one set of values;	(21) 'variable' means a characteristic of a statistical unit that can assume more than one set of values;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (22)				
80	(22) 'breakdown' means a predefined discrete, exhaustive and mutually exclusive set of values which can be assigned to a	(22) 'breakdown' means a predefined discrete, exhaustive and mutually exclusive set of values which can be assigned to a	(22) 'breakdown' means a predefined discrete, exhaustive and mutually exclusive set of values which can be assigned to a	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	variables characterising statistical units;	variables characterising statistical units;	variables characterising statistical units;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (23)				
81	(23) 'national level' means the territory of a Member State;	(23) 'national level' means the territory of a Member State;	(23) 'national level' means the territory of a Member State;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (24)				
82	(24) 'regional level' means the NUTS3 level as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	(24) 'regional level' means the NUTS3 level as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	(24) 'regional level' means the NUTS3 level as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (25)				
83	(25) 'local level' means the local administrative unit (LAU) level as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	(25) 'local level' means the local administrative unit (LAU) level as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	(25) 'local level' means the local administrative unit (LAU) level as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (26)				
84	(26) 'grid level' means statistical grid as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	(26) 'grid level' means statistical grid as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	(26) 'grid level' means statistical grid as set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (27)				
85				

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	(27) 'frames' means any list, material or device that delimits and identifies the elements of the target population. Depending on the use, a frame may allow access to, and/ or provide additional characteristics of the elements;	(27) 'frames' means any list, material or device that delimits and identifies the elements of the target population. Depending on the use, a frame may allow access to, and/ or provide additional characteristics of the elements;	(27) 'frames' means any list~~,~~ ~~material or device~~ **or material** that delimits and identifies the elements of the target population. Depending on the use, a frame may allow access to, and/ or provide additional characteristics of the elements;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (28)				
86	(28) 'reference date' means the moment in time to which statistics refer;	(28) 'reference date' means the moment in time to which statistics refer;	(28) 'reference date' means the moment in time to which statistics refer;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (29)				
87	(29) 'reference period' means the time interval to which statistics on events refer;	(29) 'reference period' means the time interval to which statistics on events refer;	(29) 'reference period' means the time interval to which statistics on events refer;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (30)				
88	(30) 'reference time' means either reference date or reference period, depending whether the statistics are on events or on other statistical units;	(30) 'reference time' means either reference date or reference period, depending whether the statistics are on events or on other statistical units;	(30) 'reference time' means either reference date or reference period, depending whether the statistics are on events or on other statistical units;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (31)				

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89	(31) 'metadata' means information that is needed to use and interpret statistics and that describes data sets in a structured way;	(31) 'metadata' means information that is needed to use and interpret statistics and that describes data sets in a structured way;	(31) 'metadata' means information that is needed to use and interpret statistics and that describes data sets in a structured way;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (32)				
90	(32) 'pre-checked data sets' means data sets verified by the Member States, based on agreed common validation rules;	(32) 'pre-checked data sets' means data sets verified by the Member States, based on agreed common validation rules;	(32) 'pre-checked data sets' means data sets verified by the Member States, based on agreed common validation rules;	
Article 2, first paragraph, point (33)				
91	(33) 'quality report' means a report conveying information about the quality of a statistical product or process.	(33) 'quality report' means a report conveying information about the quality of a statistical product or process.	(33) 'quality report' means a report conveying information about the quality of a statistical product or process.	
Article 3				
92	Article 3 Population base	Article 3 Population base	Article 3 Population base	
Article 3(1)				
93	1. For the purpose of this Regulation, the population base consists of all persons having their	1. For the purpose of this Regulation, the population base consists of all persons having their	1. For the purpose of this Regulation, the population base consists of all persons having their	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	usual residence within the Union in a specified territorial unit of a Member State at national, regional, local or grid level, at the reference date.	usual residence within the Union in a specified territorial unit of a Member State at national, regional, local or grid level, at the reference date.	usual residence within the Union in a specified territorial unit of a Member State at national, regional, local or grid level, at the reference date.	
Article 3(2)				
94	2. The population base shall include all usually resident persons, regardless of citizenship or whether the person is or was formerly stateless, and regardless of whether the person's residence or stay is authorised or permitted by the relevant authorities.	2. The population base shall include all usually resident persons, regardless of citizenship or whether the person is or was formerly stateless, and regardless of whether the person's residence or stay is authorised or permitted by the relevant authorities.	2. The population base shall include all usually resident persons, regardless of citizenship or whether the person is or was formerly stateless~~, and regardless of whether the person's residence or stay is authorised or permitted by the relevant authorities~~.	
Article 3(3)				
95	3. The population base shall exclude persons having their usual residence outside the territory of the Member State regardless of place of birth or citizenship, and regardless of any family, social, economic or property links that the person may have with the Member State.	3. The population base shall exclude persons having their usual residence outside the territory of the Member State regardless of place of birth or citizenship, and regardless of any family, social, economic or property links that the person may have with the Member State.	3. The population base shall exclude persons having their usual residence outside the territory of the Member State regardless of place of birth or citizenship, and regardless of any family, social, economic or property links that the person may have with the Member State.	
Article 3(4)				
96				

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	4. Persons with no usual residence shall be attributed, as place of usual residence, the place at which they are at the reference date.	4. Persons with no usual residence shall be attributed, as place of usual residence, the place at which they are at the reference date.	4. Persons with no usual residence shall be attributed, as place of usual residence, the place at which they are at the reference date.	
Article 3(5)				
97	5. Member States shall apply the definition of usual residence set out in this Regulation to all data sets provided to the Commission (Eurostat) under this Regulation and for national, regional, local and grid level.	5. Member States shall apply the definition of usual residence set out in this Regulation to all data sets provided to the Commission (Eurostat) under this Regulation and for national, regional, local and grid level.	5. Member States shall apply the definition of usual residence set out in this Regulation to all data sets provided to the Commission (Eurostat) under this Regulation and for national, regional, local and grid level**, as set out in Annex 2**.	
Article 3(6)				
98	6. When applying the definition of usual residence, Member States shall use:	6. When applying the definition of usual residence, Member States shall use:	6. When applying the definition of usual residence, Member States ~~shall use~~:	
Article 3(6), point (a)				
99	(a) one or a combination of the data sources listed in Article 9(1);	(a) one or a combination of the data sources listed in Article 9(1);	(a) **shall use** one or a combination of the data sources listed in Article 9(1);	
Article 3(6), point (b)				
100	(b) estimation methods such as	(b) estimation methods such as	(b) ~~estimation methods such as~~	

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	'signs of life' to correct for actual presence at the presumed place of usual residence during most of the time in the 12 months ending with the reference date, and 'rate of stay' to estimate the number of persons who intend or are expected to stay during most of the time in the 12 months after arrival.	'signs of life' to correct for actual presence at the presumed place of usual residence during most of the time in the 12 months ending with the reference date, and 'rate of stay' to estimate the number of persons who intend or are expected to stay during most of the time in the 12 months after arrival.	~~'signs of life'~~**shall use scientifically based, well-documented and publicly available statistical estimation methods** to correct for actual presence at the presumed place of usual residence during most of the time in the 12 months ending with the reference date, and ~~'rate of stay'~~ to estimate the number of persons who intend or are expected to stay during most of the time in the 12 months after arrival.	
Article 3(6), point (ba)				
100a			**(c) may use the population covered according to paragraph 6(a) for all data sets provided to the Commission (Eurostat), if estimation methods according to paragraph 6(b) can duly justify that the difference between the population covered according to paragraph 6(a) and the base as set out in this Regulation is less than 1.5 % at national level. This does not apply for the purposes in paragraph 7.**	
Article 3(6a)				
100b				

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			7. For the specific Union purposes of qualified majority voting in the Council, Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with data on the total population at national level at 31 December of each year, in accordance with paragraph 1. Data shall be transmitted within 8 months of the end of the reference year. When estimating the total population on the basis of the population covered according to paragraph 6(a) at national level, Member States shall apply scientifically based, well-documented and publicly available statistical estimation methods as set out in paragraph 6(b).	
Article 4				
101	Article 4 Statistical units	Article 4 Statistical units	Article 4 Statistical units	
Article 4, first paragraph				
102	Statistics under this Regulation shall be compiled for the following statistical units:	Statistics under this Regulation shall be compiled for the following statistical units:	Statistics under this Regulation shall be compiled for the following statistical units:	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 4, first paragraph, point (a)				
103	(a) persons;	(a) persons;	(a) persons;	
Article 4, first paragraph, point (b)				
104	(b) vital events;	(b) vital events;	(b) vital events;	
Article 4, first paragraph, point (c)				
105	(c) families;	(c) families;	(c) families;	
Article 4, first paragraph, point (d)				
106	(d) households;	(d) households;	(d) households;	
Article 4, first paragraph, point (e)				
107	(e) buildings intended for habitation, living quarters and conventional dwellings.	(e) buildings intended for habitation, living quarters and conventional dwellings***, including institutions***.	(e) buildings intended for habitation, living quarters and conventional dwellings.	
Article 5				
108	Article 5 Statistics requirements	Article 5 Statistics requirements	Article 5 Statistics requirements	

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Article 5(1)				
109	1. European statistics on population and housing shall cover the following domains:	1. European statistics on population and housing shall cover the following domains:	1. European statistics on population and housing shall cover the following domains:	
Article 5(1), point (a)				
110	(a) demography;	(a) demography;	(a) demography;	
Article 5(1), point (b)				
111	(b) housing;	(b) housing;	(b) housing;	
Article 5(1), point (c)				
112	(c) families and households.	(c) families ~~*and households.*~~ ***;***	(c) families and households.	
Article 5(1), point (ca)				
112a		***(ca) households.***		
Article 5(2)				
113	2. Statistics in the domains listed in paragraph 1 shall be organised into data sets following the topics	2. Statistics in the domains listed in paragraph 1 shall be organised into data sets following the topics	2. Statistics in the domains listed in paragraph 1 shall be organised into data sets following the topics	

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	and detailed topics as set out in the Annex.	and detailed topics as set out in the Annex. ***The topics set out in the demography chapter as well as in other relevant chapters in the Annex shall be disaggregated, in accordance with national law and practices on data collection and disclosure, by age, gender and disability and where relevant other characteristics in accordance with the United Nations Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.***	and detailed topics as set out in ~~the~~ Annex **1**.	
Article 5(3)				
114	3. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 17 to amend the list of the detailed topics in the Annex. The delegated acts shall be adopted at least 12 months before the beginning of the relevant reference time.	3. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 17 to amend the list of the detailed topics in the Annex. The delegated acts shall be adopted at least 12 months before the beginning of the relevant reference time.	3. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 17 to amend the list of the detailed topics ~~in the~~**as set out in** Annex **1**. The delegated acts shall be adopted at least ~~12~~**24** months before the beginning of the relevant reference time.	
Article 5(4)				
115	4. When exercising the power to adopt delegated acts pursuant to paragraph 3 of this Article, the Commission shall ensure that those acts do not impose significant and	4. When exercising the power to adopt delegated acts pursuant to paragraph 3 of this Article, the Commission shall ensure that those acts do not impose significant and	4. When exercising the power to adopt delegated acts pursuant to paragraph 3 of this Article, the Commission shall ensure that ~~those acts do not impose significant and~~	

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	disproportionate burden on the Member States and survey respondents. Any new detailed topic shall be assessed with respect to its feasibility by means of pilot studies carried out by the Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States in accordance with Article 14.	disproportionate burden on the Member States and survey respondents. Any new detailed topic shall be assessed with respect to its feasibility by means of pilot studies carried out by the Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States in accordance with Article 14.	~~disproportionate burden on the Member States and survey respondents. Any new detailed topic shall be assessed with respect to its feasibility by means of pilot studies carried out by the Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States in accordance with Article 14.~~**:**	
Article 5(4), point (a)				
115a			**(a) the delegated acts aim to achieve cost and burden neutrality or reduction and do not, in any case, impose a significant additional cost or burden on the Member States or on the respondents;**	
Article 5(4), point (b)				
115b			**(b) a maximum of two detailed topics for the domain 'demography', one detailed topic for the domain 'housing' and one detailed topic for the domain 'families and households' listed in Annex 1 are replaced by another detailed topic and a maximum of one detailed topic in total for all domains is added**	

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			over a period of ten consecutive years;	
Article 5(4), point (c)				
115c			**(c) detailed topics which are voluntary as set out in Annex 1 shall not be amended to become obligatory by means of delegated acts;**	
Article 5(4), point (d)				
115d			**(d) any new detailed topic shall be assessed with respect to its feasibility by means of pilot studies carried out by the Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States in accordance with Article 14.**	
Article 5(5), first subparagraph				
116	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify the technical properties of the data sets and metadata to be provided to the Commission (Eurostat). Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements, where appropriate:	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify the technical properties of the data sets and metadata to be provided to the Commission (Eurostat). Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements, where appropriate:	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify the ~~technical properties of the~~ data sets and metadata to be provided to the Commission (Eurostat). Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements~~, where appropriate~~:	

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Article 5(5), first subparagraph, point (a)				
117	(a) titles of variables, their technical specifications and breakdowns;	(a) titles of variables, their technical specifications and breakdowns;	(a) ~~titles~~ **the list** of variables~~,~~ **and** their technical specifications**, taking into account that a variable shall be counted as a combination of characteristics of an observation unit with the corresponding measurement unit and geographical breakdown counting as one** ~~and breakdowns~~;	
Article 5(5), point (aa)				
117a			**(aa) breakdowns other than geographical breakdowns;**	
Article 5(5), point (ab)				
117b			**(ab) geographical breakdowns, with the exception of those set out in Annex 2;**	
Article 5(5), first subparagraph, point (b)				
118	(b) detailed specifications of the statistical units and metadata;	(b) detailed specifications of the statistical units and metadata;	(b) detailed specifications of the statistical units and metadata;	
Article 5(5), first subparagraph, point (c)				

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119	(c) statistical classifications to be used;	(c) statistical classifications to be used;	(c) statistical classifications to be used;	
Article 5(5), first subparagraph, point (d)				
120	(d) provision deadlines;	(d) provision deadlines;	(d) ~~provision deadlines;~~	
Article 5(5), first subparagraph, point (e)				
121	(e) technical formats of data sets and metadata provision;	(e) technical formats of data sets and metadata provision;	(e) technical formats of data sets and metadata provision;	
Article 5(5), first subparagraph, point (f)				
122	(f) the content, structure, periodicity, modalities and provision deadlines of the quality reports as well as further specifications when needed and justified.	(f) the content, structure, periodicity, modalities and provision deadlines of the quality reports as well as further specifications when needed and justified.	(f) ~~the content, structure, periodicity, modalities and provision deadlines of the quality reports as well as further specifications when needed and justified.~~	
Article 5(6)				
122a			**6 When adopting implementing acts, pursuant to paragraph 5, for the first time for annual and decennial periodicities, the Commission shall ensure that the total overall number of variables**	

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			as defined in paragraph 5(a) within the respective periodicity shall not exceed by more than 5% the number of variables already required for each domain on a mandatory basis by the Commission (Eurostat) on the date of entry into force of this Regulation.	
Article 5(7)				
122b			**7 When adopting implementing acts for the first time for multi-annual periodicities, the Commission shall ensure that the required variables as defined in paragraph 5(a) shall be a subset of 50% or less of the set of variables already required for each domain for decennial periodicities as laid down in paragraph 6.**	
Article 5(8)				
122c			**8 When adopting implementing acts for the first time for quarterly periodicities, the Commission shall ensure that the required variables as defined in paragraph 5(a) shall be a subset**	

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			of 25% or less of the set of variables already required for each domain for annual periodicities as laid down in paragraph 6.	
Article 5(9)				
122d			**9 When a new detailed topic is added in accordance with paragraph 4(b) of this Article, the overall number of variables for the domains referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall not be increased by more than the average number of variables within the existing detailed topics of this domain.**	
Article 5(10)				
122e			**10 Where new data are required, the Commission may only change a maximum of 5% of the variables required in accordance with the implementing acts referred to in paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 of this Article, for each domain listed in paragraph 1, every 5 years.**	

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Article 5(11)				
122f			**11 When adopting implementing acts to specify the variables, pursuant to paragraph 5, the Commission shall ensure that these variables and their breakdowns do not foresee the inclusion of statistics relating to persons and households which fall under the scope of Article 1 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1700.**	
Article 5(12)				
122g			**12 The implementing acts shall aim to achieve cost and burden neutrality or reduction and shall not, in any case, impose a significant additional cost or burden on the Member States or on the respondents, such as requiring data that can only be obtained via data collection directly from individuals.**	
Article 5(5), second subparagraph				
123	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to	**13** Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to	

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	in Article 18(2) at least 12 months before the beginning of the relevant reference time, except for the population and housing census for which the implementing acts shall be adopted at least 24 months before the beginning of the year in which the reference date falls.	in Article 18(2) at least 12 months before the beginning of the relevant reference time, except for the population and housing census for which the implementing acts shall be adopted at least 24 months before the beginning of the year in which the reference date falls.	in Article 18(2) at least ~~12~~ **24** months before the beginning of the relevant reference time~~, except~~ **.** For the population and housing census ~~for which~~ the implementing acts shall be adopted at least 24 months before the beginning of the year in which the reference date falls.	
Article 6				
124	Article 6 Periodicity and reference times	Article 6 Periodicity and reference times	Article 6 Periodicity and reference times	
Article 6(1)				
125	1. Member States shall produce European statistics on population and housing quarterly, every six months, annually and multi-annually, and in a decennial population and housing census.	1. Member States shall produce European statistics on population and housing quarterly, every six months, annually and multi-annually, and in a decennial population and housing census.	1. Member States shall produce European statistics on population and housing quarterly, ~~every six months,~~ annually and multi-annually, and in a decennial population and housing census.	
Article 6(2)				
126	2. The years ending with “1” shall be the reference years for the decennial population and housing census.	2. The years ending with “1” shall be the reference years for the decennial population and housing census.	2. The years ending with “1” shall be the reference years for the decennial population and housing census.	

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Article 6(3)				
127	3. The years ending with “1”, “5” and “8” shall be the reference years for multi-annual statistics.	3. The years ending with “1”, “5” and “8” shall be the reference years for multi-annual statistics.	3. The years ending with “1”, “5” and “8” shall be the reference years for multi-annual statistics.	
Article 6(4)				
128	4. The periodicity and reference time (reference period or reference date) for each detailed topic shall be as set out in the Annex.	4. The periodicity and reference time (reference period or reference date) for each detailed topic shall be as set out in the Annex.	4. The periodicity and reference time ~~(reference period or reference date)~~ for each detailed topic shall be as set out in ~~the Annex~~ **Annex 1**.	
Article 6(5)				
129	5. The first reference date for which annual statistics on the topic ‘population stocks’ are to be provided shall be 31 December 2025. The first reference time for which any other statistics under this Regulation are to be provided shall be in 2026.	5. The first reference date for which annual statistics on the topic ‘population stocks’ are to be provided shall be 31 December 2025. The first reference time for which any other statistics under this Regulation are to be provided shall be in 2026.	5. The first reference date for which annual statistics on the topic ‘population stocks’ are to be provided shall be 31 December 2025. The first reference time for which any other statistics under this Regulation are to be provided shall be in 2026.	
Article 6(6)				
130	6. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 17 to amend the Annex by updating the	6. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 17 to amend the Annex by updating the	6. **When adopting new detailed topics in accordance with Article 5, paragraph 4,** the Commission is empowered to adopt ~~delegated acts~~	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	periodicities and reference times.	periodicities and reference times.	~~in accordance with Article 17 to amend the Annex by updating~~**in parallel to ensure uniform application of the new detailed topics, implementing acts to specify** the periodicities and reference times **for these new detailed topics. The Commission shall ensure that these implementing acts do not impose significant and disproportionate burden or costs on the Member States**.	
Article 7				
131	Article 7 Ad hoc statistics requirements	Article 7 Ad hoc statistics requirements	Article 7 ~~Ad hoc statistics requirements~~	
Article 7(1)				
132	1. Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with ad hoc data sets and metadata.	1. Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with ad hoc data sets and metadata.	1. ~~Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with ad hoc data sets and metadata.~~	
Article 7(2)				
133	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to supplement this Regulation in accordance with Article 17 by	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to supplement this Regulation in accordance with Article 17 by	2. ~~The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to supplement this Regulation in accordance with Article 17 by~~	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	specifying the data sets and metadata to be provided by Member States on an ad hoc basis, where the collection of additional statistics is deemed necessary for the purpose of addressing additional statistical needs under this Regulation.	specifying the data sets and metadata to be provided by Member States on an ad hoc basis, where the collection of additional statistics is deemed necessary for the purpose of addressing additional statistical needs under this Regulation***, while prioritising the administrative data sources and records to be used for the collection of requested data***.	~~specifying the data sets and metadata to be provided by Member States on an ad hoc basis, where the collection of additional statistics is deemed necessary for the purpose of addressing additional statistical needs under this Regulation.~~	
Article 7(3)				
134	3. Those delegated acts shall specify:	3. Those delegated acts shall specify:	3. ~~Those delegated acts shall specify:~~	
Article 7(3), point (a)				
135	(a) the detailed topics to be provided in the ad hoc data sets and the reasons for such additional statistical needs;	(a) the detailed topics to be provided in the ad hoc data sets and the reasons for such additional statistical needs;	(a) ~~the detailed topics to be provided in the ad hoc data sets and the reasons for such additional statistical needs;~~	
Article 7(3), point (b)				
136	(b) the reference times.	(b) the reference times.	(b) ~~the reference times.~~	
Article 7(4)				
137				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 2 starting with reference year 2027 and with a minimum of two years between each ad hoc collection.	4. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 2 starting with reference year 2027 and with a minimum of two years between each ad hoc collection.	4. ~~The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts referred to in paragraph 2 starting with reference year 2027 and with a minimum of two years between each ad hoc collection.~~	
Article 7(5), first subparagraph				
138	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify the technical properties of the ad hoc data sets and metadata referred to in paragraph 2. Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements, where appropriate:	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify the technical properties of the ad hoc data sets and metadata referred to in paragraph 2. Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements, where appropriate:	~~The Commission shall adopt implementing acts to specify the technical properties of the ad hoc data sets and metadata referred to in paragraph 2. Those implementing acts shall specify the following technical elements, where appropriate:~~	
Article 7(5), first subparagraph, point (a)				
139	(a) titles of variables, their technical specifications and breakdowns;	(a) titles of variables, their technical specifications and breakdowns;	(a) ~~titles of variables, their technical specifications and breakdowns;~~	
Article 7(5), first subparagraph, point (b)				
140	(b) detailed specifications of the statistical units and metadata;	(b) detailed specifications of the statistical units and metadata;	(b) ~~detailed specifications of the statistical units and metadata;~~	
Article 7(5), first subparagraph, point (c)				

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141	(c) statistical classifications to be used;	(c) statistical classifications to be used;	(c) ~~statistical classifications to be used;~~	
Article 7(5), first subparagraph, point (d)				
142	(d) provision deadlines.	(d) provision deadlines.	(d) ~~provision deadlines.~~	
Article 7(5), second subparagraph				
143	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) no later than 12 months before the beginning of the reference time.	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) no later than 12 months before the beginning of the reference time.	~~Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) no later than 12 months before the beginning of the reference time.~~	
Article 8				
144	Article 8 Data sets and metadata to be provided to the Commission	Article 8 Data sets and metadata to be provided to the Commission	Article 8 Data sets and metadata to be provided to the Commission	
Article 8(1)				
145	1. Member States shall provide pre-checked data sets and metadata using a technical format specified by the Commission (Eurostat). The single entry point services shall be	1. Member States shall provide pre-checked data sets and metadata using a technical format specified by the Commission (Eurostat). The single entry point services shall be	1. Member States shall provide **to the Commission (Eurostat)** pre-checked data sets and metadata **referred to in Article 1, in accordance with Annex 1 and**	

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	used to provide the data sets and metadata to the Commission (Eurostat).	used to provide the data sets and metadata to the Commission (Eurostat).	**Annex 2** using a technical format specified by the Commission (Eurostat). The single entry point services shall be used to provide the data sets and metadata to the Commission (Eurostat).	
Article 8(2)				
146	2. When Member States publish statistics required by this Regulation at national level ahead of the provision deadlines established in accordance with Articles 5(5) and 7(5), they shall provide them to the Commission (Eurostat) as follows:	2. When Member States publish statistics required by this Regulation at national level ahead of the provision deadlines established in accordance with Articles 5(5) and 7(5), they shall provide them to the Commission (Eurostat) as follows:	2. When Member States publish **data sets** ~~statistics~~ required by this Regulation at national level ahead of the ~~provision~~ **transmission** deadlines established in accordance with ~~Articles 5(5) and 7(5)~~**Annex 2**, they shall provide them to the Commission (Eurostat) ~~as follows:~~**without undue delay after the national publication.**	
Article 8(2), point (a)				
147	(a) statistics of quarterly and six-monthly periodicity at the latest by up to one working day after the national publication;	(a) statistics of quarterly and six-monthly periodicity at the latest by up to one working day after the national publication;	(a) ~~statistics of quarterly and six-monthly periodicity at the latest by up to one working day after the national publication;~~	
Article 8(2), point (b)				
148	(b) statistics of annual periodicity at the latest by up to three working	(b) statistics of annual periodicity at the latest by up to three working	(b) ~~statistics of annual periodicity at the latest by up to three working~~	

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	days after the national publication;	days after the national publication;	~~days after the national publication;~~	
Article 8(2), point (c)				
149	(c) statistics of multi-annual and decennial periodicity at latest by up to seven working days after the national publication.	(c) statistics of multi-annual and decennial periodicity at latest by up to seven working days after the national publication.	(c) ~~statistics of multi-annual and decennial periodicity at latest by up to seven working days after the national publication.~~	
Article 8(3), first subparagraph				
150	Member States shall provide to the Commission (Eurostat):	Member States shall provide to the Commission (Eurostat):	Member States shall provide to the Commission (Eurostat):	
Article 8(3), first subparagraph, point (a)				
151	(a) revised data sets and metadata if a revision is conducted after the data sets required under this Regulation were initially provided;	(a) revised data sets and metadata if a revision is conducted after the data sets required under this Regulation were initially provided;	(a) revised data sets and metadata if a revision is conducted after the data sets required under this Regulation were initially provided;	
Article 8(3), first subparagraph, point (b)				
152	(b) revised data sets and metadata for relevant time series if a revision is conducted on data sets that had been provided to the Commission (Eurostat) before the application of this Regulation.	(b) revised data sets and metadata for relevant time series if a revision is conducted on data sets that had been provided to the Commission (Eurostat) before the application of this Regulation.	(b) revised data sets and metadata for relevant time series if a revision is conducted on data sets that had been provided to the Commission (Eurostat) before the application of this Regulation.	

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Article 8(3), second subparagraph				
153	The revised data sets and metadata shall be provided within the deadlines specified in paragraph 2 of this Article and be complemented by quality reporting in accordance with Article 12.	The revised data sets and metadata shall be provided within the deadlines specified in paragraph 2 of this Article and be complemented by quality reporting in accordance with Article 12.***Member States shall inform the Commission of any decision to revise certain data sets without undue delay.***	The revised data sets and metadata shall be provided within ~~the deadlines specified in paragraph 2 of this Article~~ **10 working days of the revision** and be complemented by quality reporting in accordance with Article 12.	
Article 9				
154	Article 9 Data sources and methods	Article 9 Data sources and methods	Article 9 Data sources and methods	
Article 9(1)				
155	1. Member States and the Commission (Eurostat) shall use one or a combination of the following data sources, provided that they allow for producing statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 12:	1. Member States and the Commission (Eurostat) shall use one or a combination of the following data sources, provided that they allow for producing statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 12 ***and that the data is collected and processed in accordance with applicable Union legislation on data protection, respecting data***	1. Member States and the Commission (Eurostat) shall use one or a combination of the following data sources, provided that they allow for producing statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 12:	

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		subjects' fundamental rights:		
Article 9(1), point (a)				
156	(a) administrative data sources;	(a) administrative data sources;	(a) administrative data sources;	
Article 9(1), point (b)				
157	(b) statistical surveys or other statistical data collections;	(b) statistical surveys or other statistical data collections;	(b) statistical surveys or other statistical data collections;	
Article 9(1), point (c)				
158	(c) other sources including privately held data;	(c) other sources including privately held data;	(c) other sources including privately held data;	
Article 9(1), point (d)				
159	(d) reuse of data derived from data sharing between national statistical authorities and the Commission (Eurostat) within the European Statistical System.	(d) reuse of data derived from data sharing between national statistical authorities and the Commission (Eurostat) within the European Statistical System.	(d) reuse of data derived from **voluntary** data sharing between national statistical authorities and the Commission (Eurostat) within the European Statistical System.	
Article 9(2)				
160	2. Member States shall assess and monitor the quality of their data sources, including of	2. Member States shall assess and monitor the quality of their data sources, including of	2. ~~Member States shall assess and monitor the quality of their data sources, including of~~	

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	administrative records and other appropriate sources used.	administrative records and other appropriate sources used.	~~administrative records and other appropriate sources used.~~	
Article 9(3)				
161	3. Member States shall continuously develop innovative sources and methods and use them to improve statistics compiled under this Regulation provided that they allow for producing statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 12.	3. Member States shall continuously develop innovative sources and methods and use them to improve statistics compiled under this Regulation provided that they allow for producing statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 12.	3. Member States shall **endeavour to use** ~~continuously develop~~ innovative sources and methods ~~and use them~~ to improve statistics compiled under this Regulation provided that they allow for producing statistics that meet the quality requirements laid down in Article 12.	
Article 9(4)				
162	4. The statistics compiled under this Regulation shall be based on statistically sound and well-documented methods taking into account international recommendations and best practice such as 'signs of life', 'rate of stay' and other scientifically-based statistical estimation methods used for compiling usually resident population in the Member States.	4. The statistics compiled under this Regulation shall be based on statistically sound and well-documented methods taking into account international recommendations and best practice such as 'signs of life', 'rate of stay' and other scientifically-based statistical estimation methods used for compiling usually resident population in the Member States ***in accordance with the applicable Union legislation on data protection***.	4. The statistics compiled under this Regulation shall be based on statistically sound and well-documented methods taking into account international recommendations ~~and~~ **,** best practice ~~such as 'signs of life', 'rate of stay' and other~~ **and** scientifically-based statistical estimation methods used for compiling usually resident population in the Member States.	

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Article 9(5)				
163	5. When requested for reasons of assessment of statistical quality, Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with the assessment results of the data sources, the documentation of methods and necessary clarifications.	5. ~~*When requested for reasons of assessment of statistical quality*~~***On a duly justified request from the Commission (Eurostat)***, Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with the assessment results of the data sources, the documentation of methods and necessary clarifications.	5. ~~When requested for reasons of assessment of statistical quality, Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with the assessment results of the data sources, the documentation of methods and necessary clarifications.~~	
Article 10				
164	Article 10 Timely access and reuse of administrative data	Article 10 Timely access and reuse of administrative data	Article 10 Timely access and reuse of administrative data	
Article 10(1)				
165	1. National authorities in charge of administrative data sources relevant for the purposes of this Regulation shall allow reuse of these data in time and frequency sufficient to produce and submit statistics within the deadlines and compliant with the specific quality requirements according to this Regulation. The timely access to	1. National authorities in charge of administrative data sources relevant for the purposes of this Regulation shall allow reuse of these data in time and frequency sufficient to produce and submit statistics within the deadlines and compliant with the specific quality requirements according to this Regulation. The timely access to	1. **In accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009,** national authorities in charge of administrative data sources relevant for the purposes of this Regulation shall allow reuse of these data in time and frequency sufficient to produce and submit statistics within the deadlines and compliant with the specific quality	

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	administrative records, as well as its operational modalities, shall be included in cooperation agreements to be established between those national authorities and the national statistical authorities.	administrative records, as well as its operational modalities, shall be included in cooperation agreements to be established between those national authorities and the national statistical authorities.	requirements according to this Regulation. The ~~timely access to administrative records, as well as its operational modalities,~~**national statistical authorities and the national authorities in charge of the administrative records** shall ~~be included in~~**establish the necessary** cooperation ~~agreements to be established between those national authorities and the national statistical authorities~~**mechanisms for the timely and free of charge access to those records**.	
Article 10(2)				
166	2. For the purpose of this Regulation, the Commission (Eurostat) shall be allowed, upon request, to access and reuse in a timely manner relevant data and metadata from databases and interoperability systems maintained by Union bodies and agencies, including under Regulations (EU) No 910/2014, (EU) 2018/1724 and statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS), in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818 and the	2. For the purpose of this Regulation, the Commission (Eurostat) shall be allowed, upon request, to access and reuse in a timely manner relevant data and metadata from databases and interoperability systems maintained by Union bodies and agencies, including under Regulations (EU) No 910/2014, (EU) 2018/1724 and statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS), in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818 and the	2. For the purpose of this Regulation, the Commission (Eurostat) shall be allowed, upon request, to access and reuse in a timely manner relevant data and metadata from databases and interoperability systems maintained by Union bodies and agencies, including under Regulations (EU) No 910/2014, (EU) 2018/1724 and statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS)**. In particular, data from the interoperable Large Scale IT Systems (LSITs)**	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data are stored in CRRS. For that purpose, the Commission (Eurostat) shall further cooperate with the relevant Union bodies and agencies with a view to specifying the customised statistical data and metadata required, where possible under Union law, for European statistics on population and housing, the operational modalities for their provision and the necessary accompanying physical and logical safeguards.	Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data are stored in CRRS. For that purpose, the Commission (Eurostat) shall further cooperate with the relevant Union bodies and agencies with a view to specifying the customised statistical data and metadata required, where possible under Union law, for European statistics on population and housing, the operational modalities for their provision and the necessary accompanying physical and logical safeguards.	**in the area of freedom, security and justice shall be accessed by the Commission (Eurostat) from the CRRS**, in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818 and the Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data are **exclusively** stored in CRRS. For that purpose, the Commission (Eurostat) shall further cooperate with the relevant Union bodies and agencies with a view to specifying the customised statistical data and metadata required, where possible under Union law, for European statistics on population and housing, the operational modalities for their provision and the necessary accompanying physical and logical safeguards.	
Article 11				
167	Article 11 Lists of countries and territories	Article 11 Lists of countries and territories	Article 11 Lists of countries and territories	
Article 11(1)				
168	1. Where data sets include information by countries or territories, Member States shall use	1. Where data sets include information by countries or territories, Member States shall use	1. Where data sets include information by countries or territories, Member States shall use	

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	specific breakdowns for the purposes of this Regulation and of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	specific breakdowns for the purposes of this Regulation and of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	specific breakdowns for the purposes of this Regulation and of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007.	
Article 11(2)				
169	2. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying or updating the lists of countries and territorial units that shall apply to breakdowns of statistics compiled under this Regulation. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) of this Regulation. These lists shall be specified in accordance with criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	2. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying or updating the lists of countries and territorial units that shall apply to breakdowns of statistics compiled under this Regulation. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) of this Regulation. These lists shall be specified in accordance with criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	2. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying or updating the lists of countries and ~~territorial units~~**territories** that shall apply to breakdowns of statistics compiled under this Regulation. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) of this Regulation. These lists shall be specified in accordance with criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003.	
Article 11(3)				
170	3. Implementing acts amending more than one third of the breakdown categories of countries or territories shall apply at the earliest 12 months after their entry into force.	3. Implementing acts amending more than one third of the breakdown categories of countries or territories shall apply at the earliest 12 months after their entry into force.	3. Implementing acts amending more than one ~~third~~ **fifth** of the breakdown categories of countries or territories shall apply at the earliest ~~12~~ **18** months after their entry into force.	
Article 12				
171				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 12 Quality requirements and quality reporting	Article 12 Quality requirements and quality reporting	Article 12 Quality requirements and quality reporting	
Article 12(1)				
172	1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure the quality of the data sets and metadata provided.	1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure the quality of the data sets and metadata provided.	1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ~~ensure the quality of the data sets and metadata provided.~~**:**	
Article 12(1), point (a)				
172a			**(a) assess and monitor the quality of the data sources;**	
Article 12(1), point (b)				
172b			**(b) achieve the best possible quality of the data sets and metadata provided;**	
Article 12(1), point (c)				
172c			**(c) assess and monitor the exhaustiveness and accuracy of the population covered in accordance with Article 3.6 of this Regulation.**	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 12(2)				
173	2. Member States shall take appropriate and effective measures to:	2. Member States shall take appropriate and effective measures to:	2. ~~Member States shall take appropriate and effective measures to:~~**For the purpose of this Regulation the quality criteria referred to in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 shall apply.**	
Article 12(2), point (a)				
174	(a) implement the rules related to the population base as laid down in Article 3 of this Regulation, uniformly and independently of the data sources used;	(a) implement the rules related to the population base as laid down in Article 3 of this Regulation, uniformly and independently of the data sources used;	(a) ~~implement the rules related to the population base as laid down in Article 3 of this Regulation, uniformly and independently of the data sources used;~~	
Article 12(2), point (b)				
175	(b) capture or estimate hard-to-reach population groups;	(b) capture or estimate hard-to-reach population groups;	(b) ~~capture or estimate hard-to-reach population groups;~~	
Article 12(2), point (c)				
176	(c) control the exhaustiveness and accuracy of the population covered in accordance with Article 3 of this Regulation;	(c) control the exhaustiveness and accuracy of the population covered in accordance with Article 3 of this Regulation;	(c) ~~control the exhaustiveness and accuracy of the population covered in accordance with Article 3 of this Regulation;~~	

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Article 12(2), point (d)				
177	(d) establish frames that are fit for the purposes of this Regulation and of Article 12 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1700;	(d) establish frames that are fit for the purposes of this Regulation and of Article 12 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1700;	(d) ~~establish frames that are fit for the purposes of this Regulation and of Article 12 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1700;~~	
Article 12(2), point (e)				
178	(e) avoid possible risks of undercounting or double counting related to the free movement of persons in the Union, the access of persons to cross-border services linked to vital events and the person rights to buy cross-border, own and use housing property across the Union;	(e) avoid possible risks of undercounting or double counting related to the free movement of persons in the Union, the access of persons to cross-border services linked to vital events and the person rights to buy cross-border, own and use housing property across the Union***, for example by introducing single digital identifiers***;	(e) ~~avoid possible risks of undercounting or double counting related to the free movement of persons in the Union, the access of persons to cross-border services linked to vital events and the person rights to buy cross-border, own and use housing property across the Union;~~	
Article 12(2), point (f)				
179	(f) reduce asymmetries of migration flows;	(f) ~~*reduce asymmetries*~~***avoid possible risks of undercounting or double counting and ensure better comparability*** of migration flows;	(f) ~~reduce asymmetries of migration flows;~~	
Article 12(2), point (g)				
180	(g) provide all data to the	(g) provide all data to the	(g) ~~provide all data to the~~	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Commission (Eurostat) that are needed to ensure the completeness of published European statistics.	Commission (Eurostat) that are needed to ensure the completeness of published European statistics.	~~Commission (Eurostat) that are needed to ensure the completeness of published European statistics.~~	
Article 12(3)				
181	3. Member States shall transmit to the Commission (Eurostat), for the first time by 31 March 2027 and every year thereafter ending with '0', '3' or '7', a quality report describing the quality of the statistics provided and the statistical processes for the data sets provided during the period, including in particular on the data sources and methods used, the application of the concepts and definitions and related possible effects on quality of the selected data sources, data revisions and their reasons and impacts, the statistical disclosure control methods, and detailing how the quality criteria referred to in paragraph 2 are met and if the measures referred to in paragraph 3 were effective.	3. Member States shall transmit to the Commission (Eurostat), for the first time by 31 March 2027 and every year thereafter ending with '0', '3' or '7', a quality report describing the quality of the statistics provided and the statistical processes for the data sets provided during the period, including in particular on the data sources and methods used, the application of the concepts and definitions and related possible effects on quality of the selected data sources, data revisions and their reasons and impacts, the statistical disclosure control methods, and detailing how the quality criteria referred to in paragraph 2 are met and if the measures referred to in paragraph 3 were effective.	3. Member States shall transmit to the Commission (Eurostat), for the first time by 31 March 2027 and every year thereafter ending with '0', '3' or '7', a quality report describing the quality of the statistics provided and the statistical processes for the data sets provided during the period~~, including in particular~~**. This shall include information** on the data sources and methods used, the application of the concepts and definitions and related possible effects on quality of the selected data sources, data revisions and their reasons and impacts~~,~~ **and** the statistical disclosure control methods~~, and detailing how the quality criteria~~**. The quality report shall also detail how Member States have applied the measures** referred to in paragraph ~~2 are met and if the measures~~**1 and how the quality criteria** referred to in paragraph ~~3 were effective~~**2 have been met**.	

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Article 12(4)				
182	4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts setting out the practical arrangements for the quality reports and their contents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts setting out the practical arrangements for the quality reports and their contents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts setting out the practical arrangements for the quality reports and their contents. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2) **and shall not impose a significant additional burden and costs on the Member States**.	
Article 12(4a)				
182a		***4a. Any major adaptation provided for by such implementing acts may be the subject of a financial and technical support pursuant to Article 15 or a derogation pursuant to Article 19, paragraph 1a.***		
Article 12(5)				
183	5. Member States shall inform the Commission (Eurostat) as soon as possible of any relevant	5. Member States shall inform the Commission (Eurostat) as soon as possible of any relevant	5. Member States shall inform the Commission (Eurostat) as soon as possible of any relevant	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	information or changes with regard to the implementation of this Regulation that would influence the quality of the statistics provided.	information or changes with regard to the implementation of this Regulation that would influence the quality of the statistics provided ***and shall take action to resolve the issue without undue delay***.	information or changes with regard to the implementation of this Regulation that would influence the quality of the statistics provided.	
Article 12(6)				
184	6. At the request of the Commission (Eurostat), Member States shall provide necessary additional clarifications to evaluate the quality of the statistics.	6. ~~At the~~***On a duly justified*** request ~~of~~***from*** the Commission (Eurostat), Member States shall provide necessary additional clarifications to evaluate the quality of the statistics ***without undue delay***.	6. ~~At the~~**On a duly justified** request ~~of~~**from** the Commission (Eurostat), Member States shall provide necessary additional clarifications to evaluate the quality of the ~~statistics~~**statistical information, such as the assessment results of the data sources and the documentation of methods**.	
Article 13				
185	Article 13 Data sharing	Article 13 Data sharing	Article 13 Data sharing	
Article 13(1)				
186	1. Data shall be shared between the competent national authorities of different Member States, and	1. Data shall be shared between the competent national authorities of different Member States, and	1. Data ~~shall~~ **may** be shared between **national statistical institutes and other** ~~the competent~~	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	between these competent national authorities and the Commission (Eurostat), exclusively for the purpose of developing and producing European statistics governed by this Regulation and of improving their quality.	between these competent national authorities and the Commission (Eurostat), exclusively for the purpose of developing and producing European statistics governed by this Regulation and of improving their quality.	national authorities of different Member States **as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, hereafter referred to in this article as "national statistical authorities"**, and between these ~~competent national~~**national statistical** authorities and the Commission (Eurostat), exclusively for the purpose of developing and producing European statistics governed by this Regulation and of improving their quality**. The data used and shared for statistical purposes under this Regulation shall be anonymised or pseudonymised**.	
Article 13(2)				
187	2. In the interest of secure data sharing within the ESS, all necessary safeguards with regard to the physical and logical protection of data shall be taken. The Commission (Eurostat) shall set up a secure infrastructure to facilitate data sharing referred to in paragraph 1. Competent national authorities for statistics under this Regulation may use this secure data sharing infrastructure for the	2. In the interest of secure data sharing within the ESS, all necessary safeguards with regard to the physical***, technical*** and logical protection of data shall be taken. The Commission (Eurostat) shall set up a secure infrastructure to facilitate data sharing referred to in paragraph 1. Competent national authorities for statistics under this Regulation ~~may~~***shall*** use this secure data sharing infrastructure	2. In the interest of secure data sharing within the ESS, all necessary safeguards **including a secure data sharing infrastructure** with regard to the physical and logical protection of data shall be taken. The Commission (Eurostat) shall set up a secure infrastructure to facilitate data sharing referred to in paragraph 1. ~~Competent~~**National statistical authorities may use**	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	purpose specified in paragraph 1.	for the purpose specified in paragraph 1.	**this secure data sharing infrastructure for the purpose specified in paragraph 1. The Commission (Eurostat) and the** national **statistical** authorities **shall be joint controllers for the processing of personal data in the**~~for statistics under this Regulation may use this~~ secure data sharing infrastructure**. In the event that the national statistical authorities use another data sharing infrastructure, they shall ensure that such infrastructure provides for at least equivalent security than the one set up by the Commission (Eurostat)**~~ for the purpose specified in paragraph 1~~.	
Article 13(3)				
188	3. When the data concerned are confidential data within the meaning of Article 3, point 7, of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 or personal data according to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, the sharing of such data shall be allowed and may take place on a voluntary basis provided it is:	3. When the data concerned are confidential data within the meaning of Article 3, point 7, of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 or personal data according to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, the sharing of such data shall be allowed and may take place on a voluntary basis provided it is:	3. When the data concerned are confidential data within the meaning of Article 3, point 7, of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 or personal data according to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, the sharing of such data ~~shall be allowed and~~ may take place on a voluntary basis provided it is:	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 13(3), point (a)				
189	(a) based on a request justifying the necessity to share the data in each individual case, in particular with regard to the quality issues to be specifically addressed;	(a) based on a request justifying the necessity to share the data in each individual case, in particular with regard to the quality issues to be specifically addressed;	(a) based on a request justifying the necessity to share the data in each individual case, in particular with regard to the quality issues to be specifically addressed;	
Article 13(3), point (b)				
190	(b) based preferably on privacy enhancing technologies that are specifically designed to implement the principles of Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, with particular regard to purpose limitation, data minimisation, storage limitation, integrity and confidentiality;	(b) based ~~*preferably*~~ on privacy enhancing technologies that are specifically designed to implement the principles of Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, with particular regard to purpose limitation, data minimisation, storage limitation, integrity and confidentiality;	(b) based ~~preferably~~ on privacy enhancing technologies that are specifically designed to implement the principles of Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725, with particular regard to purpose limitation, data minimisation, storage limitation, integrity and confidentiality;	
Article 13(3), point (ba)				
190a		***(ba) without prejudice to the rules on personal data protection pursuant to Regulations (EU) 2016/679 and (EU) 2018/1725;***		
Article 13(3), point (c)				
191	(c) without prejudice to Chapter V of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(c) without prejudice to Chapter V of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(c) without prejudice to Chapter V of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	

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Article 13(4)				
192	4. The Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States shall test and assess by means of pilot studies the fitness of relevant privacy enhancing technologies for data sharing.	4. The Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States shall test and assess by means of pilot studies the fitness of relevant privacy enhancing technologies for data sharing.	4. The Commission (Eurostat) and the Member States shall test and assess by means of pilot studies the **infrastructure for and** fitness of relevant privacy enhancing technologies for data sharing.	
Article 13(5)				
193	5. Where the pilot studies under paragraph 4 of this Article identify effective and secure data sharing solutions for the purposes referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical specifications for the data sharing and measures for the confidentiality and security of information. These implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	5. Where the pilot studies under paragraph 4 of this Article identify effective and secure data sharing solutions for the purposes referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical specifications for the data sharing and measures for the confidentiality and security of information. These implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	5. ~~Where the pilot studies under paragraph 4 of this Article identify effective and secure data sharing solutions for the purposes referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission may adopt implementing acts laying down technical specifications for the data sharing and measures for the confidentiality and security of information. These implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).~~	
Article 14				
194	Article 14 Pilot and feasibility studies	Article 14 Pilot and feasibility studies	Article 14 Pilot and feasibility studies	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
Article 14(1)				
195	1. The Commission (Eurostat) shall, where necessary and appropriate for the purposes of this Regulation, launch pilot and feasibility studies that aim at:	1. The Commission (Eurostat) shall, where necessary and appropriate for the purposes of this Regulation, launch pilot and feasibility studies that aim at:	1. The Commission (Eurostat) shall, where necessary and appropriate for the purposes of this Regulation, launch pilot and feasibility studies that aim at:	
Article 14(1), point (a)				
196	(a) assessing the availability of data sources and their quality, including of publicly and privately held data in Member States and at Union level;	(a) assessing the availability of data sources and their quality, including of publicly and privately held data in Member States and at Union level;	(a) assessing the availability of data sources and their quality, including of publicly and privately held data in Member States and at Union level;	
Article 14(1), point (b)				
197	(b) developing and assessing the feasibility of implementing new topics, detailed topics, statistical units, variables and their breakdowns;	(b) developing and assessing the feasibility of implementing new topics, detailed topics, statistical units, variables and their breakdowns;	(b) developing and assessing the feasibility of implementing new ~~topics,~~ detailed topics, statistical units, variables and their breakdowns;	
Article 14(1), point (c)				
198	(c) developing new methodologies and statistical techniques to reinforce quality;	(c) developing new methodologies and statistical techniques to reinforce quality;	(c) developing new methodologies and statistical techniques to reinforce quality **and enhance**	

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			coverage of hard-to-reach populations;	
Article 14(1), point (d)				
199	(d) reducing asymmetries of migration flows;	(d) ~~*reducing asymmetries*~~***avoiding possible risks of undercounting or double counting and ensuring better comparability*** of migration flows;	(d) reducing asymmetries of migration flows;	
Article 14(1), point (e)				
200	(e) testing and assessing the fitness of relevant privacy enhancing technologies for secure data sharing within the ESS in accordance with Article 13(4);	(e) testing and assessing the fitness of relevant privacy enhancing technologies for secure data sharing within the ESS in accordance with Article 13(4);	(e) testing and assessing the **infrastructure for and** fitness of relevant privacy enhancing technologies for secure data sharing within the ESS in accordance with Article 13(4);	
Article 14(2)				
201	2. Member States may participate in those studies but shall, together with the Commission (Eurostat), ensure the representativeness of those studies at Union level.	2. Member States may participate in those studies ~~*but shall, together with*~~***.*** The Commission (Eurostat)~~,~~ ***shall*** ensure the representativeness ~~*of those studies at Union level*~~***at Union level, reflecting national diversities***.	2. Member States may participate in those studies but shall, together with the Commission (Eurostat), ensure the representativeness of those studies at Union level.	
Article 14(3)				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
202	3. The results of those studies shall be evaluated by the Commission (Eurostat) in cooperation with Member States. The Commission (Eurostat) shall prepare in cooperation with the Member States reports on the findings of those studies.	3. The results of those studies shall be evaluated by the Commission (Eurostat) in cooperation with Member States. The Commission (Eurostat) shall prepare in cooperation with the Member States reports on the findings of those studies.	3. The results of those studies shall be evaluated by the Commission (Eurostat) in cooperation with Member States. The Commission (Eurostat) shall prepare in cooperation with the Member States reports on the findings of those studies.	
Article 15				
203	Article 15 Financing	Article 15 Financing	Article 15 Financing	
Article 15(1)				
204	1. Financial contribution may be provided from the general budget of the Union to the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, for:	1. ***Upon request by a Member State,*** financial contribution may be provided from the general budget of the Union to the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, for:	1. **As regards the implementation of this Regulation,** financial contribution ~~may~~ **shall** be provided from the ~~general budget~~**Single Market Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 2021/690 of the European Parliament and** of the ~~Union~~ **Council and in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council** to the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
			5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, for:	
Article 15(1), point (a)				
205	(a) the development and implementation of new or enhanced data sources, methodologies, data sharing, statistical units, topics, detailed topics, variables and their breakdowns;	(a) ***infrastructure and training necessary for*** the development and implementation of new or enhanced data sources, methodologies, data sharing, statistical units, topics, detailed topics, variables and their breakdowns;	(a) the development and implementation of new or enhanced data sources, methodologies, data sharing, statistical units, topics, detailed topics, variables and their breakdowns;	
Article 15(1), point (b)				
206	(b) the participation of the Member States in representative pilot and feasibility studies referred to in Article 14 of this Regulation.	(b) the participation of the Member States in representative pilot and feasibility studies referred to in Article 14 of this Regulation.	(b) the participation of the Member States in representative pilot and feasibility studies referred to in Article 14 of this Regulation.	
Article 15(1a)				
206a		***1a. Member States may apply for support from the Technical Support Instrument to improve the quality of statistics and developing methodologies meeting the requirements of this Regulation. Assistance from the Commission may also be provided for the***	**1a. The amount of the Union financial contribution under this Article shall be established in accordance with the rules of the Single Market Programme as part of the annual budgetary procedure, subject to the availability of funding. The**	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
		coordination of exchange of best practices across Member States.	**budgetary authority shall determine the appropriation available each year.**	
Article 15(2)				
207	2. The Union financial contribution shall not exceed 90% of the eligible costs.	2. The Union financial contribution shall not exceed 90% of the eligible costs.	2. The Union financial contribution shall not exceed 90% of the eligible costs.	
Article 16				
208	Article 16 Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Article 16 Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Article 16 Protection of the financial interests of the Union	
Article 16, first paragraph				
209	Where a third country participates in the actions financed under this Regulation by means of a decision adopted pursuant to an international agreement or on the basis of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorising officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the Court of Auditors and the EPPO to comprehensively exercise their	Where a third country participates in the actions financed under this Regulation by means of a decision adopted pursuant to an international agreement or on the basis of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorising officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the Court of Auditors and the EPPO to comprehensively exercise their	Where a third country participates in the actions financed under this Regulation by means of a decision adopted pursuant to an international agreement or on the basis of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorising officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the Court of Auditors and the EPPO to comprehensively exercise their	

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013.	respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013.	respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013.	
Article 17				
210	Article 17 Exercise of the delegation	Article 17 Exercise of the delegation	Article 17 Exercise of the delegation	
Article 17(1)				
211	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	
Article 17(2)				
212	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from [Publications Office: please insert exact date of entry into force of the Regulation].	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2) shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time from [Publications Office: please insert exact date of entry into force of the Regulation].	2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in ~~Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2)~~ **Article 5(3),** shall be conferred on the Commission for ~~an indeterminate~~**a** period of ~~time~~**five years** from [Publications Office: please insert exact date of entry into force of the Regulation].	

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			The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the five- year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.	
Article 17(3)				
213	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect on the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2) may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect on the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in ~~Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2)~~**Article 5(3)** may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect on the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	
Article 17(4)				

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214	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making ***and keep the European Parliament informed about its delegated act's preparatory work***.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	
Article 17(5)				
215	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	
Article 17(6)				
216	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2) shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to ~~Articles 5(3), 6(6) and 7(2)~~**Article 5(3)** shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European	

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	both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or the Council.	both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or the Council.	Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or the Council.	
Article 18				
217	Article 18 Committee procedure	Article 18 Committee procedure	Article 18 Committee procedure	
Article 18(1)				
218	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Statistical System Committee established by Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Statistical System Committee established by Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Statistical System Committee established by Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
Article 18(2)				
219	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	
Article 19				
220				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
	Article 19 Derogations	Article 19 Derogations	Article 19 Derogations	
Article 19(1)				
221	1. Where the application of this Regulation, or the delegated or implementing acts adopted pursuant thereto, requires major adaptations to be made to a Member State's national statistical system, the Commission may grant, by means of implementing acts, derogations to Member State, for a maximum duration of two years.	1. Where the application of this Regulation~~, or the delegated or implementing acts adopted pursuant thereto,~~ requires major adaptations to be made to a Member State's national statistical system, the Commission may grant, by means of implementing acts, derogations to ***that*** Member State, for a maximum duration of ~~two~~***seven*** years.	1. Where the application of this Regulation, or the delegated or implementing acts adopted pursuant thereto, requires major adaptations to be made to a Member State's national statistical system, the Commission may grant, by means of implementing acts, derogations to Member State, for a maximum duration of ~~two~~**three** years.	
Article 19(1a)				
221a		***1a. Where delegated or implementing acts adopted pursuant to this Regulation require major adaptations to be made to a Member State's national statistical system, the Commission may grant, by means of implementing acts as provided for in Article 12, paragraph 4, second subparagraph, derogations to that Member State, for a maximum duration of three years.***	**1a. Where a derogation as referred to in paragraph 1 remains justified by sufficient evidence at the end of the period for which it was granted, the Commission may grant a subsequent derogation for a maximum period of three years in accordance with the procedure set out in paragraphs 3 and 4.**	

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Article 19(2)				
222	2. When granting the derogations, the Commission shall take into account the comparability of Member States' statistics and the timely calculation of the required representative and reliable European aggregates. When granting the derogations, the Commission shall also ensure that the requirements related to statistics, metadata and quality covered by this Regulation and previously covered by Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 or by Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 are continued without interruption.	2. When granting the derogations, the Commission shall take into account the comparability of Member States' statistics and the timely calculation of the required representative and reliable European aggregates. When granting the derogations, the Commission shall also ensure that the requirements related to statistics, metadata and quality covered by this Regulation and previously covered by Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 or by Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 are continued without interruption.	2. When granting the derogations, the Commission shall take into account the comparability of Member States' statistics and the timely calculation of the required representative and reliable European aggregates. When granting the derogations, the Commission shall also ensure that the requirements related to statistics, metadata and quality covered by this Regulation and previously covered by Regulation (EU) No 1260/2013 or by Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 are continued without interruption.	
Article 19(3)				
223	3. The Member State shall submit a duly justified request for derogation to the Commission within two months of the date of the entry into force of the act concerned.	3. The Member State shall submit a duly justified request for derogation to the Commission within two months of the date of the entry into force of the act concerned.	3. The Member State shall submit a duly justified request for derogation to the Commission within ~~two~~**three** months of the date of the entry into force of the act concerned**, or, in case of request for an extension in line with the second sub-paragraph of paragraph 1, six months before the end of the period for which the existing derogation has been**	

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			granted.	
Article 19(4)				
224	4. The Commission shall adopt the implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	4. The Commission shall adopt the implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	4. The Commission shall adopt the implementing acts referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 18(2).	
Article 20				
225	Article 20 Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 862/2007	Article 20 Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 862/2007	Article 20 Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 862/2007	
Article 20, first paragraph				
226	Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 is amended as follows:	Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 is amended as follows:	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (1)				
227	(1) the title is replaced by the following: 'Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of 11 July 2007 on European statistics on asylum and administrative and judicial procedures related to immigration	(1) the title is replaced by the following: 'Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of 11 July 2007 on European statistics on asylum and administrative and judicial procedures related to immigration	(1) the title is replaced by the following: 'Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of 11 July 2007 on European statistics on asylum and administrative and judicial procedures related to immigration	

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	legislation and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 311/76 on the compilation of statistics on foreign workers';	legislation and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 311/76 on the compilation of statistics on foreign workers';	legislation and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 311/76 on the compilation of statistics on foreign workers';	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (2)				
228	(2) In Article 1, points (a) and (b) are deleted;	(2) In Article 1, points (a) and (b) are deleted;	(2) In Article 1, points (a) and (b) are deleted;	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (3)				
229	(3) in Article 2(1), points (a), (b), (c), (f) and (g) are deleted;	(3) in Article 2(1), points (a), (b), (c), (f) and (g) are deleted;	(3) in Article 2(1), points (a), (b), (c), (f) and (g) are deleted;	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (3a)				
229a		***(3a) In Article 2(1), point (d) is replaced by the following: "'citizenship' means citizenship as defined in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No XXXX/2023 of the European Parliament and of the Council.+*** ***+ OJ: Please insert in the text the number of the Regulation contained in document PE-CONS (2023/0008(COD)) and insert the number, date, title and OJ reference of that Regulation in the***		

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		footnote."		
Article 20, first paragraph, point (4)				
230	(4) Article 3 is deleted;	(4) Article 3 is deleted;	(4) Article 3 is deleted;	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (5)				
231	(5) the following Article 9c is inserted:	(5) the following Article 9c is inserted:	(5) the following Article 9c is inserted:	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (5), amending provision, first paragraph				
232	" Article 9c Timely access and reuse of administrative data	" Article 9c Timely access and reuse of administrative data	" Article 9c Timely access and reuse of administrative data	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (5), amending provision, numbered paragraph (1)				
233	1. National authorities in charge of administrative data sources relevant for the purposes of this Regulation shall allow reuse of these data in time and frequency sufficient to produce and submit statistics within the deadlines and compliant with the specific quality requirements according to this Regulation. The timely access to	1. National authorities in charge of administrative data sources relevant for the purposes of this Regulation shall allow reuse of these data in time and frequency sufficient to produce and submit statistics within the deadlines and compliant with the specific quality requirements according to this Regulation. The timely access to	1. **In accordance with Article 17a of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009,** national authorities in charge of administrative data sources relevant for the purposes of this Regulation shall allow reuse of these data in time and frequency sufficient to produce and submit statistics within the deadlines and compliant with the specific quality	

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	administrative records, as well as its operational modalities, shall be included in cooperation agreements to be established between those national authorities and the national statistical authorities.	administrative records, as well as its operational modalities, shall be included in cooperation agreements to be established between those national authorities and the national statistical authorities.	requirements according to this Regulation. The ~~timely access to administrative records, as well as its operational modalities,~~**national statistical authorities and the national authorities in charge of the administrative records** shall ~~be included in~~**establish the necessary** cooperation ~~agreements to be established between those national authorities and the national statistical authorities~~**mechanisms for the timely and free of charge access to those records**.	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (5), amending provision, numbered paragraph (2)				
234	2. For the purpose of this Regulation, the Commission (Eurostat) shall be allowed, upon request, to access and reuse in a timely manner relevant data and metadata from databases and interoperability systems maintained by Union bodies and agencies, including under Regulations (EU) No 910/2014, (EU) 2018/1724 and statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS), in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818 and the	2. For the purpose of this Regulation, the Commission (Eurostat) shall be allowed, upon request, to access and reuse in a timely manner relevant data and metadata from databases and interoperability systems maintained by Union bodies and agencies, including under Regulations (EU) No 910/2014, (EU) 2018/1724 and statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS), in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818 and the	2. For the purpose of this Regulation, the Commission (Eurostat) shall be allowed, upon request, to access and reuse in a timely manner relevant data and metadata from databases and interoperability systems maintained by Union bodies and agencies, including under Regulations (EU) No 910/2014, (EU) 2018/1724 and statistical data stored in the central repository for reporting and statistics (CRRS)**. In particular, data from the interoperable Large Scale IT Systems (LSITs)**	

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	Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data are stored in CRRS. For that purpose, the Commission (Eurostat) shall further cooperate with the relevant Union bodies and agencies with a view to specifying the customised statistical data and metadata required, where possible under Union law, for European statistics on population and housing, the operational modalities for their provision and the necessary accompanying physical and logical safeguards. ”	Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data are stored in CRRS. For that purpose, the Commission (Eurostat) shall further cooperate with the relevant Union bodies and agencies with a view to specifying the customised statistical data and metadata required, where possible under Union law, for European statistics on population and housing, the operational modalities for their provision and the necessary accompanying physical and logical safeguards. ”	**in the area of freedom, security and justice shall be accessed by the Commission (Eurostat) from the CRRS** ~~,~~ in accordance with Regulations (EU) 2019/817 and (EU) 2019/818 and the Regulations establishing the systems whose statistical data are **exclusively** stored in CRRS. For that purpose, the Commission (Eurostat) shall further cooperate with the relevant Union bodies and agencies with a view to specifying the customised statistical data and metadata required, where possible under Union law, for European statistics on population and housing, the operational modalities for their provision and the necessary accompanying physical and logical safeguards.**”** ”	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (6)				
235	(6) the following Article 10a is inserted:	(6) the following Article 10a is inserted:	(6) the following Article 10a is inserted:	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (6), amending provision, first paragraph				
236	“ Article 10a	“ Article 10a	“ Article 10a	

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	Lists of countries and territories	Lists of countries and territories	Lists of countries and territories	
Article 20, first paragraph, point (6), amending provision, second paragraph				
237	The lists of countries and territories referred to in Article 11 of [Publications Office: please insert correct reference to this Regulation] shall be applied for the compilation of statistics under this Regulation to ensure comparability of country and territories specific details across European statistics. Member States shall apply these lists for the first time to compile statistics due under this Regulation starting with data transmissions for the reference year 2026. ”	The lists of countries and territories referred to in Article 11 of [Publications Office: please insert correct reference to this Regulation] shall be applied for the compilation of statistics under this Regulation to ensure comparability of country and territories specific details across European statistics. Member States shall apply these lists for the first time to compile statistics due under this Regulation starting with data transmissions for the reference year 2026. ”	The lists of countries and territories referred to in Article 11 of [Publications Office: please insert correct reference to this Regulation] shall be applied for the compilation of statistics under this Regulation to ensure comparability of country and territories specific details across European statistics. Member States shall apply these lists for the first time to compile statistics due under this Regulation starting with data transmissions for the reference year 2026. ”	
Article 21				
238	Article 21 Repeal	Article 21 Repeal	Article 21 Repeal	
Article 21, first paragraph				
239	Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2026 without prejudice to the	Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2026 without prejudice to the	Regulations (EC) No 763/2008 and (EU) No 1260/2013 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2026 without prejudice to the	

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	obligations set out in those legal acts with regard to reference periods that fall, in whole or in part, before that date.	obligations set out in those legal acts with regard to reference periods that fall, in whole or in part, before that date.	obligations set out in those legal acts with regard to reference periods that fall, in whole or in part, before that date.	
Article 21, second paragraph				
240	References to the repealed Regulations shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	References to the repealed Regulations shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	References to the repealed Regulations shall be construed as references to this Regulation.	
Article 22				
241	Article 22 Entry into force and application	Article 22 Entry into force and application	Article 22 Entry into force and application	
Article 22, first paragraph				
242	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	
Article 22, second paragraph				
243	It shall apply from 1 January 2026.	It shall apply from 1 January 2026.	It shall apply from 1 January 2026.	
Article 22, third paragraph				

	Commission Proposal	EP Mandate	Council Mandate	Draft Agreement
244	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	
Formula				
245	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	
Formula				
246	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	For the European Parliament	
Formula				
247	The President	The President	The President	
Formula				
248	For the Council	For the Council	For the Council	
Formula				
249	The President	The President	The President	