C/2026/6046

18.11.2026

Publication of the communication of an approved standard amendment to a product specification of a geographical indication in accordance with Article 5(4) of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2025/27 [1]

(C/2026/6046)

COMMUNICATION OF APPROVAL OF A STANDARD AMENDMENT

(Article 24 of Regulation (EU) 2024/1143)

'Drôme'

EU reference number: PGI-FR-A1121-AM03 – 27.8.2026

1. **Name of product**

'Drôme'

2. **Geographical indication type**

☐ PDO

☑ PGI

3. **Sector**

☐ Agricultural products

☑ Wines

☐ Spirit drinks

4. **Country to which the geographical area belongs**

France

5. **Member State authority communicating the standard amendment**

Name

Ministry of Agriculture, Agri-food and Forestry, Directorate-General for the Economic and Environmental Performance of Enterprises

6. **Qualification as standard amendment**

The French authorities consider that the application meets the requirements of Regulations (EU) No 1308/2013 and (EU) 2024/1143.

The amendments to this product specification are standard amendments as defined in Article 24(4) of Regulation (EU) 2024/1143.

The application for an amendment to the PGI does not involve any of the three situations constituting a Union amendment; specifically, it does not:

(a) include a change in the name or in the use of the name, or in the category of product or products designated by the geographical indication;

(b) risk voiding the link to the geographical area;

(c) entail further restrictions on the marketing of the product.

The French authorities therefore consider that the application is for a standard amendment.

[1] Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2025/27 of 30 October 2024 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2024/1143 of the European Parliament and of the Council with rules concerning the registration and the protection of geographical indications, traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms and repealing Delegated Regulation (EU) No 664/2014 (OJ L, 2025/27, 15.1.2025, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg_del/2025/27/oj).

7. **Description of the approved standard amendment(s)**

Title

Yield

Description

In Chapter I of the product specification, Section VI 'Maximum yield', the protection and management body has asked for the maximum yield for red and rosé wines to be reduced from 120 to 100 hl/ha. The yield for white wines has been kept at 120 hl/ha.

In making this request for a reduction in yield, the operators are responding to the effects of climate change on viticultural production in the region. The maximum yields in the product specifications no longer correspond to the reality of the yields on the ground, which are lower due to the effects of drought. This is one of the most recurrent consequences of climate change in this region of south-east France. The producer group wished to adapt the vine yield to the reality on the ground in order to maintain their level of quality.

This amendment to the yield affects the single document in the section 'Winemaking practices – Maximum yields'.

☑ The amendment affects the single document.

Title

Inspection body

Description

Chapter III of the product specification has been amended to simplify the section entitled 'Inspection body', specifying that compliance with the product specification is checked on the basis of an approved control plan and by a third-party body delegated by the National Institute of Origin and Quality (INAO) and offering guarantees of competence, impartiality and independence.

This simplification does not affect the single document.

☐ The amendment affects the single document.

Title

Geographical areas in which the operations take place

Description

Chapter I of the product specification has been amended in point 4 – 'Geographical areas in which the operations take place', point 4.1 – 'Geographical area' and point 4.2 – 'Area in immediate proximity', with the addition of a reference to the 2024 Official Geographic Code. These areas remain unchanged but are now presented as a list of municipalities rather than districts or cantons.

This editorial correction allows the geographical areas to be identified with reference to the 2024 version of the Official Geographic Code, which is updated by the National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies (INSEE), and gives the boundary of the geographical areas legal certainty.

The same reference has been inserted in the single document under the headings 'Geographical area' and 'Further conditions – area in immediate proximity'.

☑ The amendment affects the single document.

Title

Labelling

Description

Chapter I of the product specification has been amended at point 5, 'Vine varieties' in order to remove the restriction on labelling with regard to certain varieties. The protection and management body wishes to boost the varietal wine sector for its operators by giving authorisation for all the grapes in the product specification to be listed on the label.

The same amendment has been made in the single document, under the heading 'Additional requirements – Labelling'.

☑ The amendment affects the single document.

Title

Declaration requirement

Description

In Chapter 2 of the product specification, point 1 – 'Declaration requirements' has been amended in order to add 31 January of the year following the harvest as the deadline for the harvest declaration and/or production declaration. The volumes declared by that date constitute the maximum volume eligible for the PGI.

This deadline for the harvest declaration to be taken into account is common to all PGIs in the region and is intended to stabilise the PGI segment at regional level and ensure greater clarity with regard to the volumes placed on the market.

This amendment does not affect the single document.

☐ The amendment affects the single document.

Title

Vine varieties

Description

Chapter I of the product specification has been amended at point 5 'Vine varieties' in order to replace the name of the variety Rosés du Var Rs with its synonym 'Rousseli Rs'. The latter is the official name of the variety, appearing at national level in the 'list of wine grape varieties that may be planted, replanted or grafted for wine production'.

This amendment has been added to the list of wine grape varieties in the single document.

☑ The amendment affects the single document.

SINGLE DOCUMENT

Designations of origin and geographical indications of wine

'Drôme'

EU reference number: PGI-FR-A1121-AM03 – 27.8.2026

1. **Name(s)**

'Drôme'

2. **Geographical indication type**

☐ PDO

☑ PGI

3. **Country to which the demarcated geographical area belongs**

France

4. **Classification of the agricultural product in accordance with the Combined Nomenclature heading and code, as referred to in Article 6(1) of Regulation (EU) 2024/1143**

2204 – Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines; grape must other than that of heading 2009

5. **Categories of grapevine product as listed in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013**

1. Wine

5. Quality sparkling wine

6. **Description of the wine or wines**

Grapevine product

Red, rosé and white wines – Still wines

Organoleptic characteristics

Visual appearance

The red wines have pronounced colours ranging from raspberry to garnet red.

The rosé wines present a palette of colours from pale pinkish-grey to more pronounced violet-pink hues.

The white wines have colours that range from pale yellow with green tints to yellow with gold tints.

Aroma

The red and rosé wines are characterised by fruity aromas.

The white wines have a notable finesse with fruity and floral notes.

Taste

The red wines can be drunk young and fresh.

The rosé wines are well-balanced, which enables them to maintain their fruitiness.

The white wines are dry, with a notable freshness and finesse, with floral notes.

In the case of the Viognier variety, they are generally softer and semi-sweet.

Additional information regarding organoleptic characteristics

The wines produced are red, rosé and white still wines, characterised by fruity aromas. These aromas are always present, however their intensity and nature vary according to the varieties and technologies used.

The northern part of the department is influenced by the protected designation of origin 'Crozes-Hermitage' and its products. Here, single varieties are most common. The red and rosé wines are largely made from Syrah N and Gamay N, and the white wines from Marsanne B, Roussanne B and Viognier B.

By contrast, in the southern and eastern parts of the department, the multiple climate and geological influences provide a suitable environment for growing a great range of grape varieties. The red and rosés wines are made from Grenache N, Merlot N, Syrah N, Cabernet Sauvignon N, Gamay N, Cinsault N or Carignan N. Marselan N and Caladoc N may be used in response to the Mediterranean climate. The white wines are made from Chardonnay B, Aligoté B and Viognier B.

Analytical characteristics

Maximum total alcoholic strength (in % volume):	—
Minimum actual alcoholic strength (in % volume):	9
Minimum total acidity:	—
Minimum total acidity unit:	—
Maximum volatile acidity (in milliequivalents per litre):	—
Maximum total sulphur dioxide (in milligrams per litre):	—

Additional information regarding analytical characteristics

—

☑ Any analytical characteristics not indicated in this section are within the limits laid down in the applicable EU legislation.

Grapevine product

Quality sparkling wines, red, rosé and white

Organoleptic characteristics

Visual appearance

The sparkling wines can be produced in the three colours.

Aroma

The quality sparkling wines have aromatic profiles very close to the fruit.

Taste

The quality sparkling wines have an elegant expression.

Additional information regarding organoleptic characteristics

The quality sparkling wines have a pleasant freshness with fruity aromas.

Analytical characteristics

Maximum total alcoholic strength (in % volume):	—
Minimum actual alcoholic strength (in % volume):	—
Minimum total acidity:	—
Minimum total acidity unit:	—
Maximum volatile acidity (in milliequivalents per litre):	—
Maximum total sulphur dioxide (in milligrams per litre):	—

Additional information regarding analytical characteristics

—

☑ Any analytical characteristics not indicated in this section are within the limits laid down in the applicable EU legislation.

7. **Winemaking practices**

7.1. *Specific oenological practices used to make the wine or wines, relevant restrictions on making them*

Winemaking practice

—

Type of oenological practice

Specific oenological practice

Description

As regards oenological practices, the wines must comply with EU rules.

7.2. *Maximum yields*

All wines / category / variety / type

Red and rosé wines

Maximum yield

Maximum yield:	100
Maximum yield unit:	hectolitres per hectare

All wines / category / variety / type

White wines

Maximum yield

Maximum yield:	120
Maximum yield unit:	hectolitres per hectare

8. **Indication of the wine grape variety or varieties from which the wine or wines are produced**

— Abouriou B

— Alicante Henri Bouschet N

— Aligoté B

— Alphonse Lavallée N

— Altesse B

— Aléatico N

— Aramon N

— Aramon Blanc B

— Aramon Gris G

— Aranel B

— Arinarnoa N

— Arriloba B

— Arrufiac B – Arrufiat

— Artaban N

— Aubin B

— Aubun N – Murescola

— Auxerrois B

— Bachet N

— Barbaroux Rs

— Baroque B

— Biancu Gentile B

— Blanc Dame B

— Bouchalès N

— Bouillet N

— Bourboulenc B – Doucillon Blanc

— Brachet N – Braquet

— Brun Fourca N

— Brun Argenté N – Vaccarèse

— Béclan N – Petit Béclan

— Béquignol N

— Cabernet Franc N

— Cabernet Sauvignon N

— Caladoc N

— Calitor N

— Camaralet B

— Carcajolo N

— Carcajolo Blanc B

— Carignan N

— Carignan Blanc B

— Carmenère N

— Castets N

— Chambourcin N

— Chardonnay B

— Chasan B

— Chasselas B

— Chatus N

— Chenanson N

— Chenin B

— Cinsaut N – Cinsault

— Clairette B

— Clairette Rose Rs

— Clarin B

— Claverie B

— Codivarta B

— Colobel N

— Colombard B

— Colombaud B – Bouteillan

— Corbeau N – Douce Noire

— Cot N – Malbec

— Couderc Noir N

— Counoise N

— Courbu B – Gros Courbu

— Courbu Noir N

— Couston N

— Crouchen B – Cruchen

— César N

— Duras N

— Durif N

— Egiodola N

— Ekigaïna N

— Etraire de la Dui N

— Fer N – Fer Servadou, Braucol, Mansois, Pinenc

— Feunate N

— Floreal B

— Florental N

— Folignan B

— Folle Blanche B

— Fuella Nera N

— Furmint B

— Gamaret

— Gamay Fréaux N

— Gamay N

— Gamay de Bouze N

— Gamay de Chaudenay N

— Ganson N

— Garonnet N

— Gascon N

— Genovèse B

— Gewürztraminer Rs

— Goldriesling B

— Gouget N

— Graisse B

— Gramon N

— Grassen N – Grassenc

— Grenache N

— Grenache Blanc B

— Grenache Gris G

— Gringet B

— Grolleau N

— Grolleau Gris G

— Gros Manseng B

— Jacquère B

— Joubertin

— Jurançon Blanc B

— Jurançon Noir N – Dame Noire

— Landal N

— Lauzet B

— Len de l'El B – Loin de l'Oeil

— Liliorila B

— Listan B – Palomino

— Lledoner Pelut N

— Léon Millot N

— Macabeu B – Macabeo

— Mancin N

— Manseng Noir N

— Marsanne B

— Marselan N

— Maréchal Foch N

— Mauzac B

— Mauzac Rose Rs

— Mayorquin B

— Melon B

— Merlot N

— Merlot Blanc B

— Meslier Saint-François B – Gros Meslier

— Meunier N

— Milgranet N

— Molette B

— Mollard N

— Monarch N

— Mondeuse N

— Mondeuse Blanche B

— Monerac N

— Montils B

— Morrastel N – Minustellu, Graciano

— Mourvaison N

— Mourvèdre N – Monastrell

— Mouyssaguès

— Muresconu N – Morescono

— Muscadelle B

— Muscardin N

— Muscaris B

— Muscat Ottonel B – Muscat, Moscato

— Muscat cendré B – Muscat, Moscato

— Muscat d'Alexandrie B – Muscat, Moscato

— Muscat de Hambourg N – Muscat, Moscato

— Muscat à petits grains blancs B – Muscat, Moscato

— Muscat à petits grains roses Rs – Muscat, Moscato

— Muscat à petits grains rouges Rg – Muscat, Moscato

— Mérille N

— Müller-Thurgau B

— Nielluccio N – Nielluciu

— Noir Fleurien N

— Négret de Banhars N

— Négrette N

— Oberlin Noir N

— Ondenc B

— Orbois B

— Pagadebiti B

— Pascal B

— Perdea B

— Persan N

— Petit Courbu B

— Petit Manseng B

— Petit Meslier B

— Petit Verdot N

— Picardan B – Araignan

— Pineau d'Aunis N

— Pinot Blanc B

— Pinot Gris G

— Pinot Noir N

— Piquepoul Blanc B

— Piquepoul Gris G

— Piquepoul Noir N

— Plant de Brunel N

— Plant droit N – Espanenc

— Plantet N

— Portan N

— Portugais Bleu N

— Poulsard N – Ploussard

— Prior N

— Prunelard N

— Raffiat de Moncade B

— Ravat Blanc B

— Rayon d'or B

— Riesling B

— Riminèse B

— Rivairenc N – Aspiran Noir

— Rivairenc Blanc B – Aspiran Blanc

— Rivairenc Gris G – Aspiran Gris

— Romorantin B – Danery

— Roublot B

— Roussanne B

— Rousseli Rs

— Roussette d'Ayze B

— Sacy B

— Saint Côme B

— Saint-Macaire N

— Saint-Pierre Doré B

— Sauvignon B

— Sauvignon Gris G – Fié Gris

— Savagnin Blanc B

— Savagnin Rose Rs

— Sciaccarello N

— Segalin N

— Seinoir N

— Select B

— Semebat N

— Semillon B

— Servanin N

— Seyval B

— Solaris B

— Soreli B

— Souvignier Gris Rs

— Sylvaner B

— Syrah N – Shiraz

— Tannat N

— Tempranillo N

— Terret Blanc B

— Terret Gris G

— Terret Noir N

— Tibouren N

— Tourbat B

— Trousseau N

— Téoulier N

— Ugni Blanc B

— Valdiguié N

— Valérien B

— Varousset N

— Velteliner Rouge Précoce Rs

— Verdesse B

— Vermentino B – Rolle

— Vidoc N

— Villard Blanc B

— Villard Noir N

— Viognier B

— Voltis B

9. **Concise definition of the demarcated geographical area**

The harvesting of grapes, the winemaking and the processing of the wines with the protected geographical indication 'Drôme' take place throughout the territory of the department of Drôme, which covers the following municipalities in accordance with the Official Geographic Code for 2024:

DROME (entire department):

Albon, Aleyrac, Alixan, Allan, Allex, Ambonil, Ancône, Andancette, Anneyron, Aouste-sur-Sye, Arnayon, Arpavon, Arthémonay, Aubenasson, Aubres, Aucelon, Aulan, Aurel, Autichamp, Ballons, Barbières, Barcelonne, Barnave, Barret-de-Lioure, Barsac, Bathernay, La Bâtie-des-Fonds, La Bâtie-Rolland, La Baume-Cornillane, La Baume-de-Transit, La Baume-d'Hostun, Beaufort-sur-Gervanne, Beaumont-en-Diois, Beaumont-lès-Valence, Beaumont-Monteux, Beauregard-Baret, Beaurières, Beausemblant, Beauvallon, Beauvoisin, La Bégude-de-Mazenc, Bellecombe-Tarendol, Bellegarde-en-Diois, Bénivay-Ollon, Bésayes, Bésignan, Bézaudun-sur-Bîne, Bonlieu-sur-Roubion, Bouchet, Boulc, Bourdeaux, Bourg-de-Péage, Bourg-lès-Valence, Bouvante, Bouvières, Bren, Brette, Buis-les-Baronnies, Chabeuil, Chabrillan, Le Chaffal, Chalancon, Le Chalon, Chamaloc, Chamaret, Chanos-Curson, Chantemerle-les-Blés, Chantemerle-lès-Grignan, La Chapelle-en-Vercors, La Charce, Charens, Charmes-sur-l'Herbasse, Charols, Charpey, Chastel-Arnaud, Châteaudouble, Châteauneuf-de-Bordette, Châteauneuf-de-Galaure, Châteauneuf-du-Rhône, Châteauneuf-sur-Isère, Châtillon-en-Diois, Châtillon-Saint-Jean, Chatuzange-le-Goubet, Chaudebonne, La Chaudière, Chauvac-Laux-Montaux, Chavannes, Clansayes, Claveyson, Cléon-d'Andran, Clérieux, Cliousclat, Cobonne, Colonzelle, Combovin, Comps, Condillac, Condorcet, Cornillac, Cornillon-sur-l'Oule, La Coucourde, Crépol, Crest, Crozes-Hermitage, Crupies, Curnier, Die, Dieulefit, Divajeu, Donzère, Échevis, Épinouze, Érôme, Espeluche, Espenel, Establet, Étoile-sur-Rhône, Eurre, Eygalayes, Eygaliers, Eygluy-Escoulin, Eymeux, Eyroles, Eyzahut, Fay-le-Clos, Félines-sur-Rimandoule, Ferrassières, Francillon-sur-Roubion, La Garde-Adhémar, Génissieux, Gervans, Geyssans, Gigors-et-Lozeron, Glandage, Le Grand-Serre, Grane, Les Granges-Gontardes, Granges-les-Beaumont, Grignan, Gumiane, Hauterives, Hostun, Izon-la-Bruisse, Jaillans, Jonchères, Laborel, Lachau, Lapeyrouse-Mornay, Larnage, La Laupie, Laval-d'Aix, Laveyron, Lemps, Lens-Lestang, Léoncel, Lesches-en-Diois, Livron-sur-Drôme, Loriol-sur-Drôme, Luc-en-Diois, Lus-la-Croix-Haute, Malataverne, Malissard, Manas, Manthes, Marches, Margès, Marignac-en-Diois, Marsanne, Marsaz, Menglon, Mercurol-Veaunes, Mérindol-les-Oliviers, Mévouillon, Mirabel-aux-Baronnies, Mirabel-et-Blacons, Mirmande, Miscon, Mollans-sur-Ouvèze, Montauban-sur-l'Ouvèze, Montaulieu, Montboucher-sur-Jabron, Montbrison-sur-Lez, Montbrun-les-Bains, Montchenu, Montclar-sur-Gervanne, Montéléger, Montélier, Montélimar, Montferrand-la-Fare, Montfroc, Montguers, Montjoux, Montjoyer, Montlaur-en-Diois, Montmaur-en-Diois, Montmeyran, Montmiral, Montoison, Montréal-les-Sources, Montségur-sur-Lauzon, Montvendre, Moras-en-Valloire, Mornans, La Motte-Chalancon, La Motte-Fanjas, Mours-Saint-Eusèbe, Nyons, Omblèze, Orcinas, Oriol-en-Royans, Ourches, Parnans, Le Pègue, Pelonne, Pennes-le-Sec, La Penne-sur-l'Ouvèze, Peyrins, Peyrus, Piégon, Piégros-la-Clastre, Pierrelatte, Pierrelongue, Les Pilles, Plaisians, Plan-de-Baix, Le Poët-Célard, Le Poët-en-Percip, Le Poët-Laval, Le Poët-Sigillat, Pommerol, Ponet-et-Saint-Auban, Ponsas, Pontaix, Pont-de-Barret, Pont-de-l'Isère, Portes-en-Valdaine, Portes-lès-Valence, Poyols, Pradelle, Les Prés, Propiac, Puygiron, Puy-Saint-Martin, Ratières, Réauville, Recoubeau-Jansac, Reilhanette, Rémuzat, La Répara-Auriples, Rimon-et-Savel, Rioms, Rochebaudin, Rochebrune, Rochechinard, La Roche-de-Glun, Rochefort-en-Valdaine, Rochefort-Samson, Rochefourchat, Rochegude, Roche-Saint-Secret-Béconne, La Roche-sur-Grane, La Roche-sur-le-Buis, La Rochette-du-Buis, Romans-sur-Isère, Romeyer, Rottier, Roussas, Rousset-les-Vignes, Roussieux, Roynac, Sahune, Saillans, Saint-Agnan-en-Vercors, Saint-Andéol, Saint-Auban-sur-l'Ouvèze, Saint-Avit, Saint-Bardoux, Saint-Barthélemy-de-Vals, Saint-Benoit-en-Diois, Saint-Christophe-et-le-Laris, Saint-Dizier-en-Diois, Saint-Donat-sur-l'Herbasse, Sainte-Croix, Sainte-Eulalie-en-Royans, Sainte-Euphémie-sur-Ouvèze, Sainte-Jalle, Saint-Ferréol-Trente-Pas, Saint-Gervais-sur-Roubion, Saint-Jean-de-Galaure, Saint-Jean-en-Royans, Saint-Julien-en-Quint, Saint-Julien-en-Vercors, Saint-Laurent-d'Onay, Saint-Laurent-en-Royans, Saint-Marcel-lès-Sauzet, Saint-Marcel-lès-Valence, Saint-Martin-d'Août, Saint-Martin-en-Vercors, Saint-Martin-le-Colonel, Saint-Maurice-sur-Eygues, Saint-May, Saint-Michel-sur-Savasse, Saint-Nazaire-en-Royans, Saint-Nazaire-le-Désert, Saint-Pantaléon-les-Vignes, Saint-Paul-lès-Romans, Saint-Paul-Trois-Châteaux, Saint-Rambert-d'Albon, Saint-Restitut, Saint-Roman, Saint-Sauveur-en-Diois, Saint-Sauveur-Gouvernet, Saint-Sorlin-en-Valloire, Saint-Thomas-en-Royans, Saint-Uze, Saint-Vallier, Saint-Vincent-la-Commanderie, Salettes, Salles-sous-Bois, Saou, Saulce-sur-Rhône, Sauzet, Savasse, Séderon, Serves-sur-Rhône, Solaure en Diois, Solérieux, Souspierre, Soyans, Suze, Suze-la-Rousse, Tain-l'Hermitage, Taulignan, Tersanne, Teyssières, Les Tonils, La Touche, Les Tourrettes, Triors, Truinas, Tulette, Upie, Vachères-en-Quint, Valaurie, Valdrôme, Valence, Valherbasse, Val-Maravel, Valouse, Vassieux-en-Vercors, Vaunaveys-la-Rochette, Venterol, Vercheny, Verclause, Vercoiran, Véronne, Vers-sur-Méouge, Vesc, Villebois-les-Pins, Villefranche-le-Château, Villeperdrix, Vinsobres and Volvent.

Smaller geographical unit 'Comté de Grignan'

For wines with the geographical indication 'Drôme' followed by the smaller geographical unit 'Comté de Grignan', the grapes are harvested in the territory of the following municipalities in the department of Drôme:

Allan, Ambonil, La Baume-de-Transit, Bouchet, Chamaret, Chantemerle-lès-Grignan, Châteauneuf-du-Rhône, Clansayes, Cliousclat, Colonzelle, Donzère, La Garde-Adhémar, Les Granges-Gontardes, Grignan, Livron-sur-Drôme, Loriol-sur-Drôme, Malataverne, Mérindol-les-Oliviers, Mirabel-aux-Baronnies, Mirmande, Mollans-sur-Ouvèze, Montbrison-sur-Lez, Montjoyer, Montségur-sur-Lauzon, Nyons, Le Pègue, Piégon, Pierrelatte, Réauville, Roche-Saint-Secret-Béconne, Rochegude, Roussas, Rousset-les-Vignes, Saint-Maurice-sur-Eygues, Saint-Pantaléon-les-Vignes, Saint-Paul-Trois-Châteaux, Saint-Restitut, Salles-sous-Bois, Saulce-sur-Rhône, Solérieux, Suze-la-Rousse, Taulignan, Tulette, Valaurie, Venterol and Vinsobres.

Smaller geographical unit 'Coteaux de Montélimar'

For wines with the geographical indication 'Drôme' followed by the smaller geographical unit 'Coteaux de Montélimar', the grapes are harvested in the territory of the following municipalities in the department of Drôme:

Aleyrac, Ancône, La Bâtie-Rolland, La Bégude-de-Mazenc, Bonlieu-sur-Roubion, Charols, Cléon-d'Andran, Comps, Condillac, La Coucourde, Dieulefit, Espeluche, Eyzahut, La Laupie, Manas, Marsanne, Montboucher-sur-Jabron, Montélimar, Montjoux, Orcinas, Le Poët-Laval, Pont-de-Barret, Portes-en-Valdaine, Puygiron, Rochebaudin, Rochefort-en-Valdaine, Roynac, Saint-Gervais-sur-Roubion, Saint-Marcel-lès-Sauzet, Salettes, Sauzet, Savasse, Souspierre, Teyssières, La Touche, Les Tourrettes and Vesc.

Quality sparkling wine

The harvesting of grapes, the winemaking and the processing of quality sparkling wines with the protected geographical indication 'Drôme' take place in the department of Drôme, with the exception of the following municipalities:

Aix-en-Diois, Aouste-sur-Sye, Aubenasson, Aurel, Barsac, Barnave, Beaufort-sur-Gervanne, Châtillon-en-Diois, Die, Espenel, Laval-d'Aix, Luc-en-Diois, Menglon, Mirabel-et-Blacons, Molière-Glandaz, Montclar-sur-Gervanne, Montlaur-en-Diois, Montmaur-en-Diois, Piegros-la-Clastre, Ponet-et-Saint-Auban, Pontaix, Poyols, Recoubeau-Jansac, Saillans, Saint-Benoît-en-Diois, Saint-Roman, Saint-Sauveur-en-Diois, Sainte-Croix, Suze-sur-Crest, Vercheny and Véronne.

10. **Link with the geographical area**

The causal link with the geographical origin is based on:

☑ reputation

☑ a given quality

☑ other characteristics

Category of grapevine product

1. Wine

Summary of the link

Specificity of the geographical area

The territory of the protected geographical indication 'Drôme' has a varied geography with mountainous terrain covering nearly two thirds of its surface area. Located by the Rhône arterial route, on the left bank of the river, it extends some 135 kilometres north to south, and about 100 kilometres east to west.

It can be divided into two main areas: the pre-Alpine mountain ranges and the Rhône depression.

There are three principal openings allowing breezes to penetrate: the Drôme valleys to the north, and Eygues and Ouvèze to the south. The terrain is rather steep and seriously affected by erosion despite being of average altitude: 1 300 to 1 500 m.

Historically, the Drôme department comprised parts of the former French provinces of Provence and Dauphiné.

Agriculture, with its diversified production, is an essential activity in the Drôme area.

It is based on family-sized holdings, of an average size of 31 hectares, which remain sustainable thanks to diversification into the following: forestry, mixed farming, seeds, olive groves, lavander and aromatic plants, among others. However, certain types of farming, such as viticulture, are found practically throughout the territory, especially on the slopes and foothills.

Geology and soils

The Drôme department has an entirely sedimentary geology formed between the Secondary (Triassic) and the Quaternary. The Quaternary alluvial deposits are especially developed in the Rhône valley, Valence plain as far as the confluence of Isère, Roubion valley and Drôme valley.

Stony clay-limestone soils are also found there, as well as stony layers on the slopes and hills. These provide the vines with a regular supply of water and, at night, release the heat stored during the day. There are also loess soils and sandy soils in which the water supply is more irregular. This wide variety of soils explains the multiplicity of grape varieties.

Climate

The climate of Drôme is continental in the north, gradually becoming Mediterranean south of Valence. The eastern two thirds of the department are characterised by mountain influence, especially above 600 to 700 metres in altitude. These influences can be seen in the variety of local climates.

North of Valence, the climate is semi-continental with a maritime influence. To the east, in the Vercors area, there is a mountain climate with a maritime influence. Further south, Diois undergoes a change to a drier mountain climate subject to a Mediterranean influence. The Valence plain represents a transitional area between the semi-continental climate and the outer reaches of a Mediterranean climate. Winters are cold and summers hot. The 'foehn' effect, connected to the Mistral, begins to be felt. South of Montélimar, the climate becomes decidedly Mediterranean, with hot and dry summers and less regular precipitations.

Rainfall remains quite significant: around 850 mm for locations on the plain, including in the Mediterranean area. The rain is fairly evenly distributed over the 12 months of the year in the north of the department. However, further south, it is heavier in the autumn, becoming scarce in summer. There are two main types of wind: the Mistral from the north, and the ocean wind from the south. The Mistral dries the air while the ocean wind brings the mild, damp air from the Mediterranean. These winds result from the difference in atmospheric pressure between the regions of the north and south. They can be powerful, especially in the Rhône Valley, but they are beneficial and necessary for the vines to develop.

Causal link

There is a mesoclimate characteristic of where the outer reaches of a Mediterranean climate transform into a semi-continental climate. As a consequence, the PGI varieties are planted on parcels sited on mid or lower slopes with well-drained and rapidly warming soils. This synergy allows the primary aromas of the grapes to be preserved, producing fresh wines characterised either by fruity or by floral notes.

Archaeological remains, and especially the discovery of amphorae, attest that winegrowing has shaped the landscape of Drôme since the 2nd century AD.

The 'Gaulish vine' of the Rhône Valley was very popular at Roman tables. During this era, the forests were cleared and the slopes planted with vines, making this region one of the most beautiful of Gaul.

Over time, the diversity of the Drôme region has called for an assortment of skills and grape varieties and, above all, constant adaptation to improve vineyard planting in the area while respecting its biodiversity.

Thanks to the meeting of semi-continental and Mediterranean climatic influences, the wines are balanced, with the aromatic expression and freshness characteristic of the wines of the 'Drôme' PGI.

The winegrowing identity of the PGI 'Drôme' area is further strengthened by longstanding production of rootstocks and cuttings.

From Tain l'Hermitage, at the southern end of the department, to Diois to the Montélimar plain, the winegrowing culture is rooted in the rural customs and practices. Furthermore, winegrowing is the second only to forestry in the productivity of Drôme.

Some 35 000 hectolitres are placed on the market annually in Drôme, produced by 100 winegrowing establishments, including 63 individual wineries.

The unique identity of the PGI 'Drôme' wines is growing thanks to an ever-increasing synergy between the production and direct sale of wines from cellars, and the local gastronomy, numerous festivities and rural tourism, especially with its wine routes. The reputation of the wines of PGI 'Drôme' is being strengthened among local consumers by events including wine fairs, such as the 'Salon des vins de Tain l'Hermitage' and the publication of the updated tourist guide *Promenade Gourmande dans la Drôme* (Gastronomic Route through Drôme).

At national level, PGI 'Drôme' wines feature in the Hachette wine guide and regularly win medals at the Concours Général Agricole (General Agricultural Contest) in Paris.

All of this dynamism is contributing to developing the reputation of the PGI 'Drôme' wines at both local and national level.

Category of grapevine product

5. Quality sparkling wine

Summary of the link

The quality sparkling wines have aromatic profiles very close to the fruit and an elegant expression.

There is a mesoclimate characteristic of where the outer reaches of a Mediterranean climate transform into a semi-continental climate. As a consequence, the PGI varieties are planted on parcels sited on mid or lower slopes with well-drained and rapidly warming soils. This synergy allows the primary aromas of the grapes to be preserved, producing fresh wines characterised either by fruity or by floral notes.

Archaeological remains, and especially the discovery of amphorae, attest that winegrowing has shaped the landscape of Drôme since the 2nd century AD.

The 'Gaulish vine' of the Rhône Valley was very popular at Roman tables. During this era, the forests were cleared and the slopes planted with vines, making this region one of the most beautiful of Gaul.

Over time, the diversity of the Drôme region has called for an assortment of skills and grape varieties and, above all, constant adaptation to improve vineyard planting in the area while respecting its biodiversity.

Thanks to the meeting of semi-continental and Mediterranean climatic influences, the wines are balanced. The still and quality sparkling wines of the PGI 'Drôme' have a characteristic freshness and aromatic expression.

The winegrowing identity of the PGI 'Drôme' area is further strengthened by longstanding production of rootstocks and cuttings.

From Tain l'Hermitage, at the southern end of the department, to Diois to the Montélimar plain, the winegrowing culture is rooted in the rural customs and practices. Furthermore, winegrowing is the second only to forestry in the productivity of Drôme.

Some 35 000 hectolitres are placed on the market annually in the 'Drôme' PGI, produced by 100 winegrowing establishments, including 63 individual wineries.

The unique identity of the PGI 'Drôme' wines is growing thanks to an ever-increasing synergy between the production and direct sale of wines from cellars, and the local gastronomy, numerous festivities and rural tourism, especially with its wine routes. The reputation of the wines of PGI 'Drôme' is being strengthened among local consumers by events including wine fairs, such as the 'Salon des vins de Tain l'Hermitage' and the publication of the updated tourist guide *Promenade Gourmande dans la Drôme* (Gastronomic Route through Drôme).

At national level, PGI 'Drôme' wines feature in the Hachette wine guide and regularly win medals at the Concours Général Agricole (General Agricultural Contest) in Paris.

All of this dynamism is contributing to developing the reputation of the PGI 'Drôme' wines at both local and national level.

11. **Further applicable requirements**

Title of the requirement/derogation

Labelling

Legal framework

National legislation

Type of further requirement/derogation

Additional provisions relating to labelling

Description of the requirement/derogation

The European Union PGI logo must appear on the label if the words 'indication géographique protégée' (Protected Geographical Indication) are replaced by the traditional term 'Vin de Pays'.

The protected geographical indication 'Drôme' can be supplemented by the name of one or more grape varieties.

The protected geographical indication 'Drôme' can be supplemented by the following smaller geographical units: 'Comté de Grignan', 'Coteaux de Montélimar'.

Title of the requirement/derogation

Area in immediate proximity

Legal framework

National legislation

Type of further requirement/derogation

Derogation concerning production in the demarcated geographical area

Description of the requirement/derogation

The area in immediate proximity defined by derogation for producing and developing wines with the protected geographical indication 'Drôme', which may or may not be supplemented by the name of one of the smaller geographical units referred to in point 2, comprises the districts bordering the geographical area, specifically the following municipalities, arranged by department, on the basis of the Official Geographic Code of 2024:

Department of Alpes-de-Haute-Provence (04)

Aubenas-les-Alpes, Aubignosc, Authon, Banon, Bayons, Bellaffaire, Bevons, La Brillanne, Le Caire, Céreste-en-Luberon, Château-Arnoux-Saint-Auban, Châteaufort, Châteauneuf-Miravail, Châteauneuf-Val-Saint-Donat, Clamensane, Claret, Corbières-en-Provence, Cruis, Curbans, Curel, Dauphin, Entrepierres, L'Escale, Faucon-du-Caire, Fontienne, Forcalquier, Ganagobie, Gigors, L'Hospitalet, Lardiers, Limans, Lurs, Mallefougasse-Augès, Mane, Manosque, Melve, Mison, Montfort, Montfuron, Montjustin, Montlaux, Montsalier, La Motte-du-Caire, Nibles, Niozelles, Noyers-sur-Jabron, Les Omergues, Ongles, Oppedette, Peipin, Peyruis, Piégut, Pierrerue, Pierrevert, Redortiers, Reillanne, Revest-des-Brousses, Revest-du-Bion, Revest-Saint-Martin, La Rochegiron, Sainte-Croix-à-Lauze, Saint-Étienne-les-Orgues, Sainte-Tulle, Saint-Geniez, Saint-Maime, Saint-Martin-les-Eaux, Saint-Michel-l'Observatoire, Saint-Vincent-sur-Jabron, Salignac, Saumane, Sigonce, Sigoyer, Simiane-la-Rotonde, Sisteron, Sourribes, Thèze, Turriers, Vachères, Valavoire, Valbelle, Valernes, Vaumeilh, Venterol, Villemus, Villeneuve, Volonne and Volx.

Department of Haute-Alpes (05)

Ancelle, Aspremont, Aspres-lès-Corps, Aspres-sur-Buëch, Aubessagne, Avançon, Baratier, Barcillonnette, Barret-sur-Méouge, La Bâtie-Montsaléon, La Bâtie Neuve, La Bâtie-Vieille, La Beaume, Le Bersac, Bréziers, Buissard, Chabestan, Chabottes, Champoléon, Chanousse, La Chapelle-en-Valgaudémar, Châteauneuf-d'Oze, Châteauroux-les-Alpes, Châteauvieux, Chorges, Crévoux, Crots, Dévoluy, Embrun, Éourres, L'Épine, Esparron, Espinasses, Étoile-Saint-Cyrice, La Fare-en-Champsaur, La Faurie, Forest-Saint-Julien, Fouillouse, La Freissinouse, Furmeyer, Gap, Garde-Colombe, Le Glaizil, La Haute-Beaume, Jarjayes, Laragne-Montéglin, Lardier-et-Valença, Laye, Lazer, Lettret, Manteyer, Méreuil, Monêtier-Allemont, Montbrand, Montclus, Montgardin, Montjay, Montmaur, Montrond, La Motte-en-Champsaur, Moydans, Neffes, Nossage-et-Bénévent, Le Noyer, Orcières, Orpierre, Les Orres, Oze, Pelleautier, La Piarre, Le Poët, Poligny, Prunières, Puy-Saint-Eusèbe, Puy-Sanières, Rabou, Rambaud, Réallon, Remollon, Ribeyret, Rochebrune, La Roche-des-Arnauds, La Rochette, Rosans, Rousset, Saint-André-d'Embrun, Saint-André-de-Rosans, Saint-Apollinaire, Saint-Auban-d'Oze, Saint-Bonnet-en-Champsaur, Sainte-Colombe, Saint-Étienne-le-Laus, Saint-Firmin, Saint-Jacques-en-Valgodemard, Saint-Jean-Saint-Nicolas, Saint-Julien-en-Beauchêne, Saint-Julien-en-Champsaur, Saint-Laurent-du-Cros, Saint-Léger-les-Mélèzes, Saint-Maurice-en-Valgodemard, Saint-Michel-de-Chaillol, Saint-Pierre-Avez, Saint-Pierre-d'Argençon, Saint-Sauveur, Le Saix, Saléon, Salérans, La Saulce, Le Sauze-du-Lac, Savines-le-Lac, Savournon, Serres, Sigottier, Sigoyer, Sorbiers, Tallard, Théus, Trescléoux, Upaix, Val Buëch-Méouge, Valdoule, Valserres, Ventavon, Veynes, Villar-Loubière and Vitrolles.

Department of Ardèche (07)

Accons, Ajoux, Alba-la-Romaine, Albon-d'Ardèche, Alboussière, Alissas, Andance, Annonay, Arcens, Ardoix, Arlebosc, Arras-sur-Rhône, Aubignas, Baix, Beauchastel, Beauvène, Belsentes, Bidon, Boffres, Bogy, Borée, Boucieu-le-Roi, Boulieu-lès-Annonay, Bourg-Saint-Andéol, Bozas, Brossainc, Chalencon, Le Chambon, Champagne, Champis, Chanéac, Charmes-sur-Rhône, Charnas, Châteaubourg, Châteauneuf-de-Vernoux, Cheminas, Le Cheylard, Chomérac, Colombier-le-Cardinal, Colombier-le-Jeune, Colombier-le-Vieux, Cornas, Coux, Le Crestet, Creysseilles, Cruas, Davézieux, Désaignes, Devesset, Dornas, Dunière-sur-Eyrieux, Eclassan, Empurany, Étables, Félines, Flaviac, Freyssenet, Gilhac-et-Bruzac, Gilhoc-sur-Ormèze, Gluiras, Glun, Gourdon, Gras, Guilherand-Granges, Issamoulenc, Jaunac, Labatie-d'Andaure, Lachapelle-sous-Chanéac, Lafarre, Lalouvesc, Lamastre, Larnas, Lemps, Limony, Lyas, Marcols-les-Eaux, Mariac, Mars, Mauves, Meysse, Monestier, Nozières, Les Ollières-sur-Eyrieux, Ozon, Pailharès, Peaugres, Peyraud, Plats, Pourchères, Le Pouzin, Pranles, Préaux, Privas, Quintenas, Rochemaure, Rochepaule, Rochessauve, La Rochette, Roiffieux, Rompon, Saint-Agrève, Saint-Alban-d'Ay, Saint-Andéol-de-Fourchades, Saint-André-en-Vivarais, Saint-Apollinaire-de-Rias, Saint-Barthélemy-Grozon, Saint-Barthélemy-le-Meil, Saint-Barthélemy-le-Plain, Saint-Basile, Saint-Bauzile, Saint-Christol, Saint-Cierge-la-Serre, Saint-Cierge-sous-le-Cheylard, Saint-Clair, Saint-Clément, Saint-Cyr, Saint-Désirat, Saint-Étienne-de-Serre, Saint-Étienne-de-Valoux, Saint-Félicien, Saint-Fortunat-sur-Eyrieux, Saint-Genest-Lachamp, Saint-Georges-les-Bains, Saint-Jacques-d'Atticieux, Saint-Jean-Chambre, Saint-Jean-de-Muzols, Saint-Jean-Roure, Saint-Jeure-d'Andaure, Saint-Jeure-d'Ay, Saint-Julien-d'Intres, Saint-Julien-du-Gua, Saint-Julien-en-Saint-Alban, Saint-Julien-le-Roux, Saint-Julien-Vocance, Saint-Just-d'Ardèche, Saint-Lager-Bressac, Saint-Laurent-du-Pape, Saint-Marcel-d'Ardèche, Saint-Marcel-lès-Annonay, Saint-Martial, Saint-Martin-d'Ardèche, Saint-Martin-de-Valamas, Saint-Martin-sur-Lavezon, Saint-Maurice-en-Chalencon, Saint-Michel-d'Aurance, Saint-Michel-de-Chabrillanoux, Saint-Montan, Saint-Péray, Saint-Pierre-la-Roche, Saint-Pierre-sur-Doux, Saint-Pierreville, Saint-Priest, Saint-Prix, Saint-Remèze, Saint-Romain-d'Ay, Saint-Romain-de-Lerps, Saint-Sauveur-de-Montagut, Saint-Sylvestre, Saint-Symphorien-de-Mahun, Saint-Symphorien-sous-Chomérac, Saint-Thomé, Saint-Victor, Saint-Vincent-de-Barrès, Saint-Vincent-de-Durfort, Sarras, Satillieu, Savas, Sceautres, Sécheras, Serrières, Silhac, Soyons, Talencieux, Le Teil, Thorrenc, Toulaud, Tournon-sur-Rhône, Valvignères, Vanosc, Vaudevant, Vernosc-lès-Annonay, Vernoux-en-Vivarais, Veyras, Villevocance, Vinzieux, Vion, Viviers, Vocance and La Voulte-sur-Rhône.

Department of Isère (38)

Les Adrets, Agnin, L'Albenc, Allemond, Allevard, Ambel, Anjou, Anthon, Artas, Assieu, Auberives-en-Royans, Auberives-sur-Varèze, Auris, Autrans-Méaudre-en-Vercors, Avignonet, Barraux, Beaucroissant, Beaufin, Beaufort, Beaulieu, Beaurepaire, Beauvoir-de-Marc, Beauvoir-en-Royans, Bellegarde-Poussieu, Bernin, Besse, Bessins, Biviers, Bossieu, Bougé-Chambalud, Le Bourg-d'Oisans, Bressieux, Bresson, Brézins, Brié-et-Angonnes, Brion, La Buisse, La Buissière, Chalon, Champagnier, Champier, Le Champ-près-Froges, Champ-sur-Drac, Chamrousse, Chanas, Chantepérier, Chantesse, Chapareillan, La Chapelle-de-Surieu, La Chapelle-du-Bard, Charantonnay, Charnècles, Charvieu-Chavagneux, Chasselay, Chasse-sur-Rhône, Château-Bernard, Châtel-en-Trièves, Châtelus, Châtenay,

Châtonnay, Chatte, Chavanoz, Chevrières, Le Cheylas, Cheyssieu, Chichilianne, Chirens, Cholonge, Chonas-l'Amballan, Choranche, Chuzelles, Claix, Clavans-en-Haut-Oisans, Clelles, Clonas-sur-Varèze, Cognet, Cognin-les-Gorges, La Combe-de-Lancey, Corenc, Cornillon-en-Trièves, Corps, Corrençon-en-Vercors, La Côte-Saint-André, Les Côtes-d'Arey, Les Côtes-de-Corps, Coublevie, Cour-et-Buis, Cras, Crêts-en-Belledonne, Crolles, Culin, Les-Deux-Alpes, Diémoz, Domène, Échirolles, Engins, Entraigues, Entre-deux-Guiers, Estrablin, Eybens, Eyzin-Pinet, Faramans, La Flachère, Fontaine, Fontanil-Cornillon, La Forteresse, Le Freney-d'Oisans, La Frette, Froges, La Garde, Gières, Gillonnay, Goncelin, Grenay, Grenoble, Gresse-en-Vercors, Le Gua, Le Haut-Bréda, Herbeys, Heyrieux, Huez, Hurtières, Izeaux, Izeron, Janneyrias, Jarcieu, Jardin, Jarrie, Laffrey, Lalley, Lans-en-Vercors, Lavaldens, Laval-en-Belledonne, Lavars, Lentiol, Lieudieu, Livet-et-Gavet, Lumbin, Luzinay, Malleval-en-Vercors, Marcieu, Marcilloles, Marcollin, Marnans, Mayres-Savel, Mens, Meylan, Meyrieu-les-Étangs, Meyssiez, Miribel-Lanchâtre, Miribel-les-Échelles, Mizoën, Moidieu-Détourbe, Moirans, Moissieu-sur-Dolon, Monestier-d'Ambel, Monestier-de-Clermont, Monestier-du-Percy, Monsteroux-Milieu, Montagne, Montaud, Montbonnot-Saint-Martin, Montchaboud, Monteynard, Montfalcon, Mont-Saint-Martin, Montseveroux, Morette, La Morte, La Motte-d'Aveillans, La Motte-Saint-Martin, Mottier, Le Moutaret, La Mure, La Murette, Murianette, Murinais, Nantes-en-Ratier, Notre-Dame-de-Commiers, Notre-Dame-de-l'Osier, Notre-Dame-de-Mésage, Notre-Dame-de-Vaulx, Noyarey, Oris-en-Rattier, Ornacieux-Balbins, Ornon, Oulles, Oytier-Saint-Oblas, Oz, Pact, Pajay, Le Péage-de-Roussillon, Pellafol, Penol, Percy, La Pierre, Pierre-Châtel, Pisieu, Plan, Plateau-des-Petites-Roches, Poisat, Poliénas, Pommier-de-Beaurepaire, Ponsonnas, Pontcharra, Pont-de-Chéruy, Le Pont-de-Claix, Pont-en-Royans, Pont-Évêque, Portes-des-Bonnevaux, Prébois, Presles, Primarette, Proveysieux, Prunières, Quaix-en-Chartreuse, Quet-en-Beaumont, Quincieu, Réaumont, Renage, Rencurel, Revel, Revel-Tourdan, Reventin-Vaugris, Rives, La Rivière, Les Roches-de-Condrieu, Roissard, Roussillon, Rovon, Royas, Roybon, Sablons, Saint-Antoine-l'Abbaye, Saint-Agnin-sur-Bion, Saint-Alban-du-Rhône, Saint-Andéol, Saint-André-en-Royans, Saint-Appolinard, Saint-Arey, Saint-Aupre, Saint-Barthélémy, Saint-Barthélemy-de-Séchilienne, Saint-Baudille-et-Pipet, Saint-Blaise-du-Buis, Saint-Bonnet-de-Chavagne, Saint-Cassien, Saint-Christophe-en-Oisans, Saint-Christophe-sur-Guiers, Saint-Clair-du-Rhône, Saint-Clair-sur-Galaure, Sainte-Agnès, Sainte-Anne-sur-Gervonde, Saint-Égrève, Sainte-Luce, Sainte-Marie-d'Alloix, Sainte-Marie-du-Mont, Saint-Étienne-de-Crossey, Saint-Étienne-de-Saint-Geoirs, Saint-Geoirs, Saint-Georges-de-Commiers, Saint-Georges-d'Espéranche, Saint-Gervais, Saint-Guillaume, Saint-Hilaire-de-la-Côte, Saint-Hilaire-du-Rosier, Saint-Honoré, Saint-Ismier, Saint-Jean-de-Bournay, Saint-Jean-de-Moirans, Saint-Jean-de-Vaulx, Saint-Jean-d'Hérans, Saint-Jean-le-Vieux, Saint-Joseph-de-Rivière, Saint-Julien-de-l'Herms, Saint-Just-Chaleyssin, Saint-Just-de-Claix, Saint-Lattier, Saint-Laurent-du-Pont, Saint-Laurent-en-Beaumont, Saint-Marcellin, Saint-Martin-de-Clelles, Saint-Martin-de-la-Cluze, Saint-Martin-d'Hères, Saint-Martin-d'Uriage, Saint-Martin-le-Vinoux, Saint-Maurice-en-Trièves, Saint-Maurice-l'Exil, Saint-Maximin, Saint-Michel-de-Saint-Geoirs, Saint-Michel-en-Beaumont, Saint-Michel-les-Portes, Saint-Mury-Monteymond, Saint-Nazaire-les-Eymes, Saint-Nicolas-de-Macherin, Saint-Nizier-du-Moucherotte, Saint-Paul-de-Varces, Saint-Paul-d'Izeaux, Saint-Paul-lès-Monestier, Saint-Pierre-de-Bressieux, Saint-Pierre-de-Chartreuse, Saint-Pierre-de-Chérennes, Saint-Pierre-de-Méaroz, Saint-Pierre-de-Mésage, Saint-Pierre-d'Entremont, Saint-Prim, Saint-Quentin-sur-Isère, Saint-Romain-de-Surieu, Saint-Romans, Saint-Sauveur, Saint-Siméon-de-Bressieux, Saint-Sorlin-de-Vienne, Saint-Théoffrey, Saint-Vérand, Saint-Vincent-de-Mercuze, Salaise-sur-Sanne, La Salette-Fallavaux, La Salle-en-Beaumont, Le Sappey-en-Chartreuse, Sarcenas, Sardieu, Sassenage, Savas-Mépin, Séchilienne, Septème, Serpaize, Serre-Nerpol, Seyssinet-Pariset, Seyssins, Seyssuel, Siévoz, Sillans, Sinard, La Sône, Sonnay, Sousville, La-Sure-en-Chartreuse, Susville, Têche, Tencin, La Terrasse, Theys, Thodure, Le Touvet, Tramolé, Treffort, Tréminis, La Tronche, Tullins, Valbonnais, Valencin, La Valette, Valjouffrey, Varacieux, Varces-Allières-et-Risset, Vatilieu, Vaujany, Vaulnaveys-le-Bas, Vaulnaveys-le-Haut, Venon, Vernioz, Le Versoud, Veurey-Voroize, Vienne, Vif, Villard-Bonnot, Villard-de-Lans, Villard-Notre-Dame, Villard-Reculas, Villard-Reymond, Villard-Saint-Christophe, Villeneuve-de-Marc, Ville-sous-Anjou, Villette-d'Anthon, Villette-de-Vienne, Vinay, Viriville, Vizille, Voiron, Voreppe and Vourey.

Municipalities included in part only:

Eclose-Badinières – the part corresponding to the territory of the former municipality of Eclose.

Department of Vaucluse (84)

Althen-des-Paluds, Aubignan, Aurel, Avignon, Le Barroux, Le Beaucet, Beaumes-de-Venise, Beaumont-du-Ventoux, Bédarrides, Bédoin, Blauvac, Bollène, Brantes, Buisson, Cabrières-d'Avignon, Caderousse, Cairanne, Camaret-sur-Aigues, Caromb, Carpentras, Châteauneuf-de-Gadagne, Châteauneuf-du-Pape, Courthézon, Crestet, Crillon-le-Brave, Entraigues-sur-la-Sorgue, Entrechaux, Faucon, Flassan, Fontaine-de-Vaucluse, Gigondas, Grillon, Jonquerettes, Jonquières, Lafare, Lagarde-Paréol, Lagnes, Lamotte-du-Rhône, Lapalud, L'Isle-sur-la-Sorgue, Loriol-du-Comtat, Malaucène, Malemort-du-Comtat, Mazan, Méthamis, Modène, Mondragon, Monieux, Monteux, Morières-lès-Avignon, Mormoiron, Mornas, Orange, Pernes-les-Fontaines, Piolenc, Le Pontet, Puyméras, Rasteau, Richerenches, Roaix, La Roque-Alric, La Roque-sur-Pernes, Sablet, Saint-Christol, Saint-Didier, Sainte-Cécile-les-Vignes, Saint-Hippolyte-le-Graveyron, Saint-Léger-du-Ventoux, Saint-Marcellin-lès-Vaison, Saint-Pierre-de-Vassols, Saint-Romain-en-Viennois, Saint-Roman-de-Malegarde, Saint-Saturnin-lès-Avignon, Saint-Trinit, Sarrians, Sault, Saumane-de-Vaucluse, Savoillan, Séguret, Sérignan-du-Comtat, Sorgues, Suzette, Le Thor, Travaillan, Uchaux, Vacqueyras, Vaison-la-Romaine, Valréas, Vedène, Velleron, Venasque, Villedieu, Villes-sur-Auzon, Violès and Visan.

Quality sparkling wine:

The area in immediate proximity defined by derogation for producing and developing quality sparkling wines with the protected geographical indication 'Drôme', which may or may not be supplemented by the name of one of the smaller geographical units referred to in point 2, comprises the districts bordering the Drôme department:

— to the north and north-east, districts of Grenoble and Vienne located in the department of Isère;

— to the east, the district of Gap located in the department of Hautes Alpes;

— to the south-east, the district of Forcalquier, located in the department of Alpes de Haute-Provence;

— to the south, districts of Carpentras and Avignon located in the department of Vaucluse;

— to the west, districts of Privas and Tournon-sur-Rhône, located in the department of Ardèche.

Electronic (URL) reference to publication of the product specification

https://info.agriculture.gouv.fr/boagri/document_administratif-7cf3f205-5666-43ed-bda8-ced29bcd5541